

Scale-separated AdS_3 in Type IIB: From flux vacua to domain-walls

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Based on work with [Álvaro Arboleya](#), [Clara Roldán](#) and [Giuseppe Sudano](#)
[[arXiv: 2606.14469](#)]



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On scale-separated AdS flux vacua

- Scale separation is often invoked to have a good lower-dimensional effective field theory arising from a string compactification

$$L_{\text{AdS}} \gg L_{\text{internal}}$$

[a proxy for KK modes decoupling]

- To date (and to my knowledge), **no example of scale-separated AdS/CFT pair**
- Scale separation in massive IIA: AdS_4 vacua of DGKT & AdS_3 vacua
[Calabi-Yau 3-fold] [G_2 -holonomy space]
[De Wolfe, Giryavets, Kachru, Taylor, '05] [Farakos, Tringas, Van Riet, '20]
[Cámara, Font, Ibáñez, '05]
- Towards the branes behind mIIA flux vacua : $(F_{(4)}, F_{(0)})$ for both AdS_4 & AdS_3
[D4-branes probing a strongly-coupled singularity]

[Apers, Montero, Valenzuela, '25] [Apers, '26]

- Scale-separated type IIB AdS_3 flux vacua **expected not to exist ...**

[Emelin, Farakos, Tringas, '21]

[Van Hemelryck, '22]

[Apers, '22]

- Scale-separated type IIB AdS_3 flux vacua **expected not to exist ... but they do!**

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[Arboleya, AG, Morittu '24]

[Van Hemelryck, '22]

[Apers, '22]

Type IIB with O5



One class of AdS_3 flux vacua
compatible **with scale separation!**

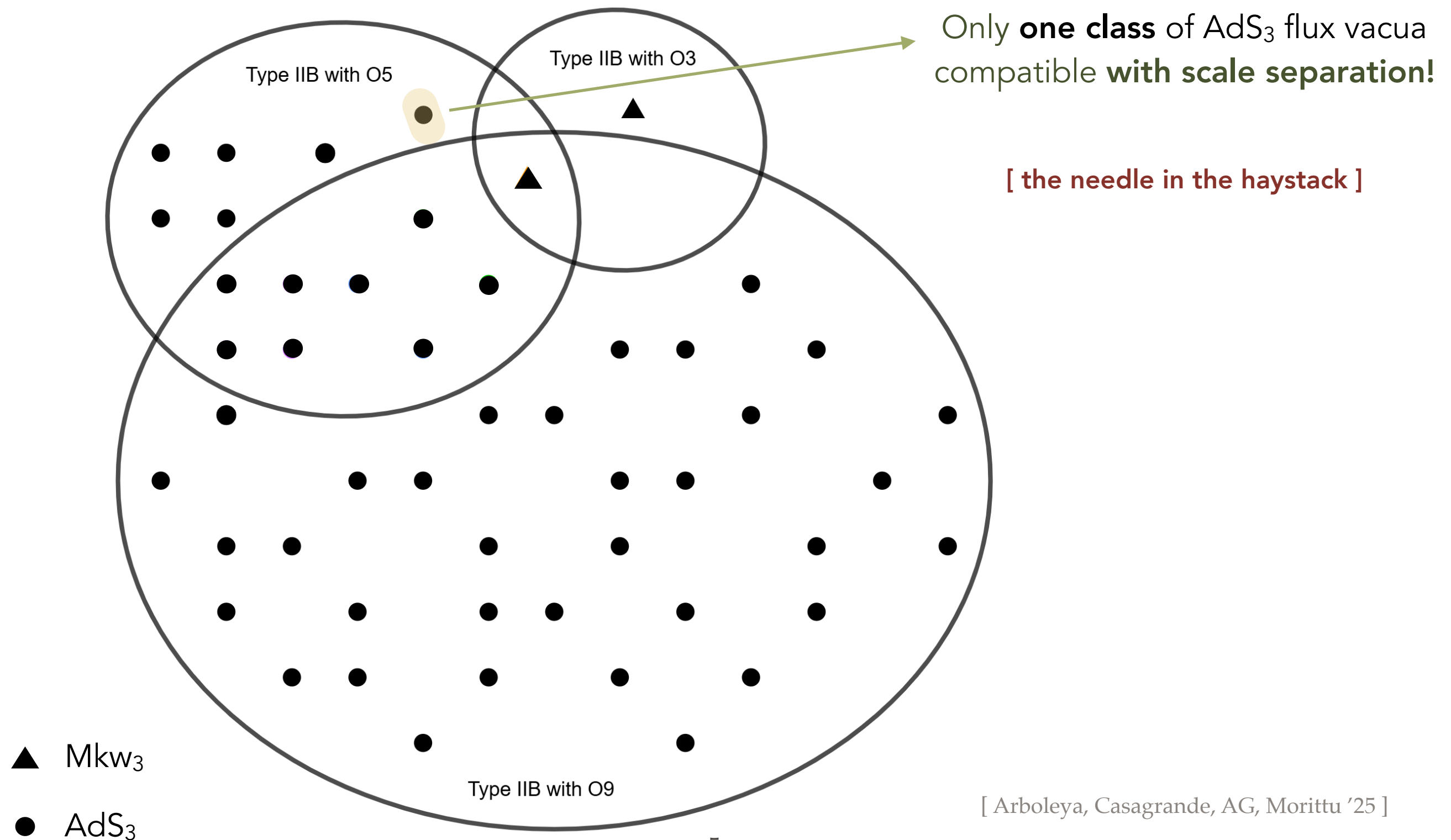
- Scale-separated type IIB AdS_3 flux vacua **expected not to exist ... but they do!**

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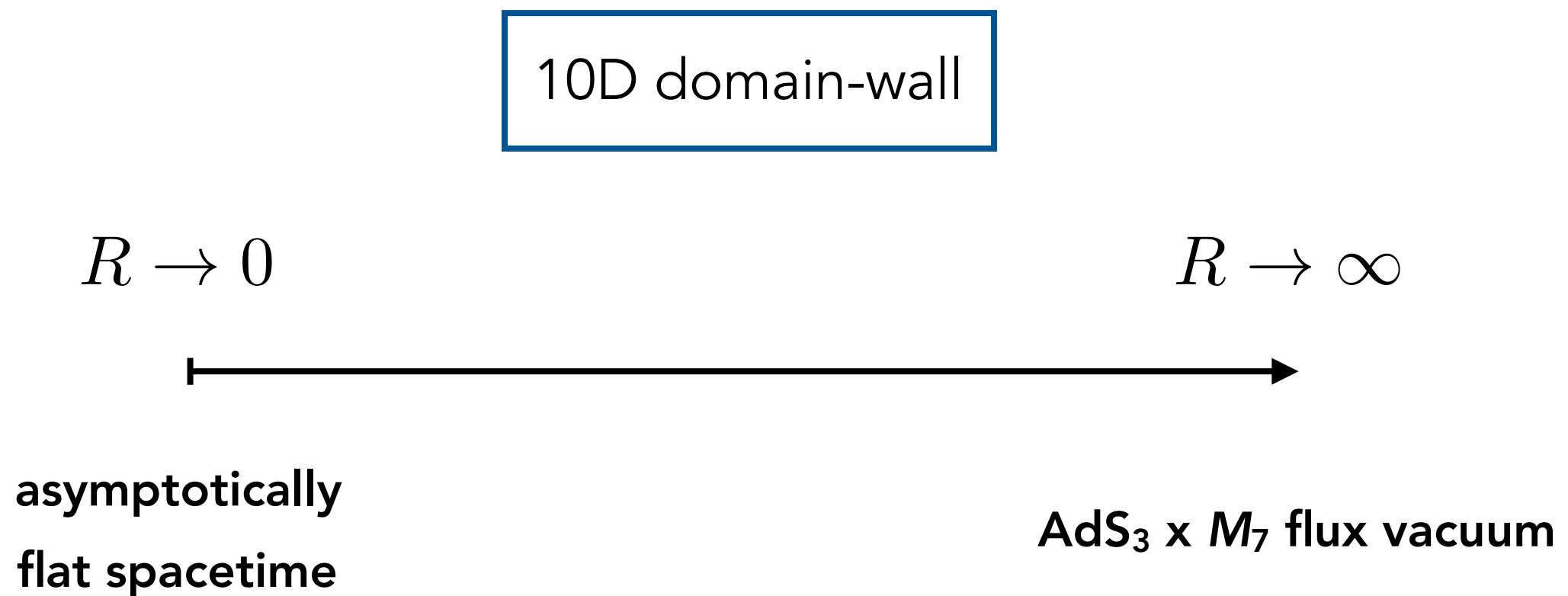
[Arboleya, AG, Morittu '24]



[Arboleya, Casagrande, AG, Morittu '25]

Goal:

To understand the branes behind this class of scale-separated
 AdS_3 flux vacua in type IIB



The flux compactification story

- Type IIB compactification on a specific 7D solvmanifold (with G_2 -structure)

[Scherk, Schwarz, '79]

$$ds_{10}^2 = \tau^{-2} ds_3^2 + \rho^2 ds_7^2$$

3D dilaton

internal volume

- Internal space:
[unit volume]

$$ds_7^2 = \sum_{a=1,3,5} \ell_a^2 (\eta^a)^2 + \sum_{i=2,4,6} \ell_i^2 (\eta^i)^2 + \ell_7^2 (\eta^7)^2$$

Maurer-Cartan 1-forms $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} d\eta^7 = 0 \\ d\eta^a = -\omega_a \eta^i \wedge \eta^7 \\ d\eta^i = \omega_i \eta^a \wedge \eta^7 \end{array} \right. \quad \text{with} \quad (a, i) = \{(1, 2), (3, 4), (5, 6)\}$

metric ω -fluxes

- **Constant** background fluxes

$$F_{(7)} = f_7 \eta^{1234567}$$

$$F_{(3)} = f_{31} \eta^{127} + f_{32} \eta^{347} + f_{33} \eta^{567} - f_{34} \eta^{136} - f_{35} \eta^{235} - f_{36} \eta^{145} + f_{37} \eta^{246}$$

$$dF_{(7)} = 0$$

$$dF_{(3)} \neq 0$$

Notation: $\eta^{127} = \eta^1 \wedge \eta^2 \wedge \eta^7$, etc.

- Spacetime-filling **O5-plane/D5-brane** sources supporting AdS_3 flux vacua

	dt	dx	dR	η^1	η^2	η^3	η^4	η^5	η^6	η^7
$\widetilde{\text{O5}}/\widetilde{\text{D5}}^{(1)}$	×	×	×	×	×					×
$\widetilde{\text{O5}}/\widetilde{\text{D5}}^{(2)}$	×	×	×			×	×			×
$\widetilde{\text{O5}}/\widetilde{\text{D5}}^{(3)}$	×	×	×					×	×	×
$\widetilde{\text{O5}}/\widetilde{\text{D5}}^{(4)}$	×	×	×	×		×			×	
$\widetilde{\text{O5}}/\widetilde{\text{D5}}^{(5)}$	×	×	×		×	×		×		
$\widetilde{\text{O5}}/\widetilde{\text{D5}}^{(6)}$	×	×	×	×			×	×		
$\widetilde{\text{O5}}/\widetilde{\text{D5}}^{(7)}$	×	×	×		×		×		×	



Spacetime-filling
[consistent with AdS_3]

Terminology: “source branes”

- Spacetime-filling **O5-plane/D5-brane** sources supporting AdS_3 flux vacua

	dt	dx	dR	η^1	η^2	η^3	η^4	η^5	η^6	η^7
$\widetilde{\text{O5}}/\widetilde{\text{D5}}^{(1)}$	$\times$	$\times$	$\times$	$\times$	$\times$					$\times$
$\widetilde{\text{O5}}/\widetilde{\text{D5}}^{(2)}$	$\times$	$\times$	$\times$			$\times$	$\times$			$\times$
$\widetilde{\text{O5}}/\widetilde{\text{D5}}^{(3)}$	$\times$	$\times$	$\times$					$\times$	$\times$	$\times$
$\widetilde{\text{O5}}/\widetilde{\text{D5}}^{(4)}$	$\times$	$\times$	$\times$	$\times$		$\times$			$\times$	
$\widetilde{\text{O5}}/\widetilde{\text{D5}}^{(5)}$	$\times$	$\times$	$\times$		$\times$	$\times$		$\times$		
$\widetilde{\text{O5}}/\widetilde{\text{D5}}^{(6)}$	$\times$	$\times$	$\times$	$\times$			$\times$	$\times$		
$\widetilde{\text{O5}}/\widetilde{\text{D5}}^{(7)}$	$\times$	$\times$	$\times$		$\times$		$\times$		$\times$	

}

$$dF_{(3)} = \tilde{j}^{\widetilde{\text{O5}}/\widetilde{\text{D5}}}$$

Flux-induced tadpole

for $\widetilde{\text{O5}}/\widetilde{\text{D5}}^{(4,5,6,7)}$ sources

restricted f_{34} , f_{35} , f_{36} , f_{37}

- Spacetime-filling **O5-plane/D5-brane** sources supporting AdS_3 flux vacua

	dt	dx	dR	η^1	η^2	η^3	η^4	η^5	η^6	η^7	
$\widetilde{\text{O5}}/\widetilde{\text{D5}}^{(1)}$	×	×	×	×	×					×	} $dF_{(3)} = 0$
$\widetilde{\text{O5}}/\widetilde{\text{D5}}^{(2)}$	×	×	×			×	×			×	
$\widetilde{\text{O5}}/\widetilde{\text{D5}}^{(3)}$	×	×	×					×	×	×	
$\widetilde{\text{O5}}/\widetilde{\text{D5}}^{(4)}$	×	×	×	×		×			×		} $dF_{(3)} = \tilde{j}^{\widetilde{\text{O5}}/\widetilde{\text{D5}}}$
$\widetilde{\text{O5}}/\widetilde{\text{D5}}^{(5)}$	×	×	×		×	×		×			
$\widetilde{\text{O5}}/\widetilde{\text{D5}}^{(6)}$	×	×	×	×			×	×			
$\widetilde{\text{O5}}/\widetilde{\text{D5}}^{(7)}$	×	×	×		×		×		×		

Flux-induced tadpole
for $\widetilde{\text{O5}}/\widetilde{\text{D5}}^{(4,5,6,7)}$ sources

restricted f_{34} , f_{35} , f_{36} , f_{37}

No flux-induced tadpole
for $\widetilde{\text{O5}}/\widetilde{\text{D5}}^{(1,2,3)}$ sources

unrestricted f_{31} , f_{32} , f_{33} (and f_7)

Type IIB + DBI dimensional reduction $\Rightarrow$

$\mathcal{N} = 1$ supergravity in D=3

- Supergravity model with 8 scalars $\phi^A = \{\tau, \rho, \ell_1, \ell_2, \ell_3, \ell_4, \ell_5, \ell_6\}$

$$L_{\text{kin}} = -K_{AB}(\partial\phi^A)(\partial\phi^B) = -\frac{(\partial\tau)^2}{\tau^2} - 7\frac{(\partial\rho)^2}{\rho^2} - \sum_{m,n=1}^6 (1 + \delta_{mn}) \frac{(\partial\ell_m)(\partial\ell_n)}{\ell_m \ell_n}$$

$$W = \frac{f_7}{\tau^{\frac{3}{2}} \rho^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{\rho^{\frac{1}{2}}}{\tau^{\frac{3}{2}}} \left(f_{31} \ell_{3456} + f_{32} \ell_{1256} + f_{33} \ell_{1234} + \frac{f_{34}}{\ell_{136}} + \frac{f_{35}}{\ell_{352}} + \frac{f_{36}}{\ell_{514}} + \frac{f_{37}}{\ell_{246}} \right) \\ + \frac{1}{\tau \rho} \left[(\omega_1 \ell_1^2 + \omega_2 \ell_2^2) \ell_{3456} + (\omega_3 \ell_3^2 + \omega_4 \ell_4^2) \ell_{1256} + (\omega_5 \ell_5^2 + \omega_6 \ell_6^2) \ell_{1234} \right]$$

from which
$$V = K^{AB} \left(\frac{\partial W}{\partial \phi^A} \right) \left(\frac{\partial W}{\partial \phi^B} \right) - 2 W^2$$

- All supersymmetric AdS_3 solutions are obtained by solving $\frac{\partial W}{\partial \phi^A} = 0$
- Playing with **unrestricted fluxes**: weak-coupling & hierarchy of scales

$$g_s^2 \sim \left(\frac{f_7}{f_{31} f_{32} f_{33}} \right) , \quad L_3 \sim (f_7 f_{31} f_{32} f_{33})^{\frac{1}{4}} , \quad L_7 \equiv (\text{vol}_7)^{\frac{1}{7}} \sim \left(\frac{f_7^7}{f_{31} f_{32} f_{33}} \right)^{\frac{1}{28}}$$

Example: $|f_{31}| \sim N^{a_1}$, $|f_{32}| \sim N^{a_2}$, $|f_{33}| \sim N^{a_3}$ and $|f_7| \sim N^b$

with $N \in \mathbb{N}^+$ being a scaling parameter gives $(a \equiv a_1 + a_2 + a_3)$

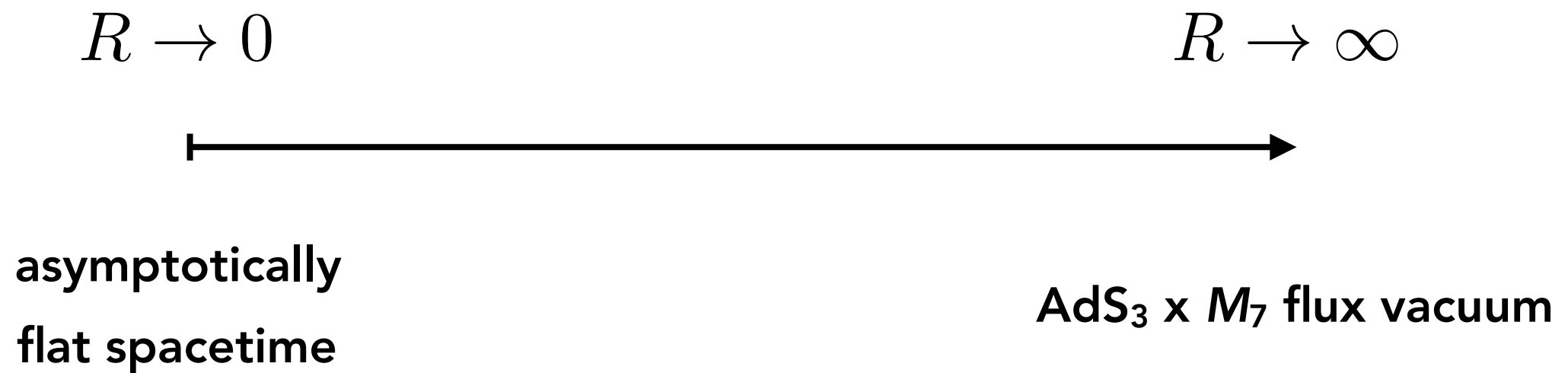
$$g_s^2 \sim N^{b-a} , \quad L_7 \sim N^{\frac{7b-a}{28}} , \quad \frac{L_7}{L_3} \sim N^{-\frac{2a}{7}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{a}{7} < b < a , \quad N \gg 1 \quad \Rightarrow \quad g_s^2 \ll 1 \quad \text{and} \quad L_3 \gg L_7 \gg 1$$

weak coupling

scale separation

The 10D domain-wall (DW) story



- Consider **O-planes/D-branes** & **KK monopoles** responsible for the fluxes

	dt	dx	dR	η^1	η^2	η^3	η^4	η^5	η^6	η^7	Flux
O1/D1	×	×									f_7
O5/D5 ⁽¹⁾	×	×				×	×	×	×		f_{31}
O5/D5 ⁽²⁾	×	×		×	×			×	×		f_{32}
O5/D5 ⁽³⁾	×	×		×	×	×	×				f_{33}
O5/D5 ⁽⁴⁾	×	×			×		×	×		×	f_{34}
O5/D5 ⁽⁵⁾	×	×		×			×		×	×	f_{35}
O5/D5 ⁽⁶⁾	×	×			×	×			×	×	f_{36}
O5/D5 ⁽⁷⁾	×	×		×		×		×		×	f_{37}
KK5 ^(1,a)	×	×		•		×	×	×	×		ω_1
	×	×		×	×	•		×	×		ω_3
	×	×		×	×	×	×	•			ω_5
KK5 ^(2,i)	×	×			•	×	×	×	×		ω_2
	×	×		×	×		•	×	×		ω_4
	×	×		×	×	×	×		•		ω_6



One common transverse direction R

[codimension-1 brane intersection]

Terminology: “DW branes”

- Consider **O-planes/D-branes** & **KK monopoles** responsible for the fluxes

	dt	dx	dR	η^1	η^2	η^3	η^4	η^5	η^6	η^7	Flux
O1/D1	×	×									f_7
O5/D5 ⁽¹⁾	×	×				×	×	×	×		f_{31}
O5/D5 ⁽²⁾	×	×		×	×			×	×		f_{32}
O5/D5 ⁽³⁾	×	×		×	×	×	×				f_{33}
O5/D5 ⁽⁴⁾	×	×			×		×	×		×	f_{34}
O5/D5 ⁽⁵⁾	×	×		×			×		×	×	f_{35}
O5/D5 ⁽⁶⁾	×	×			×	×			×	×	f_{36}
O5/D5 ⁽⁷⁾	×	×		×		×		×		×	f_{37}
KK5 ^(1,a)	×	×		●		×	×	×	×		ω_1
	×	×		×	×	●		×	×		ω_3
	×	×		×	×	×	×	●			ω_5
KK5 ^(2,i)	×	×			●	×	×	×	×		ω_2
	×	×		×	×		●	×	×		ω_4
	×	×		×	×	×	×		●		ω_6

H-functions (color branes)

$$H_1, H_5^{(1)}, H_5^{(2)}, H_5^{(3)}$$

One common transverse direction R

[codimension-1 brane intersection]

- Consider **O-planes/D-branes** & **KK monopoles** responsible for the fluxes

	dt	dx	dR	η^1	η^2	η^3	η^4	η^5	η^6	η^7	Flux
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O5/D5 ⁽³⁾	×	×		×	×	×	×				f_{33}
O5/D5 ⁽⁴⁾	×	×			×		×	×		×	f_{34}
O5/D5 ⁽⁵⁾	×	×		×			×		×	×	f_{35}
O5/D5 ⁽⁶⁾	×	×			×	×			×	×	f_{36}
O5/D5 ⁽⁷⁾	×	×		×		×		×		×	f_{37}
KK5 ^(1,a)	×	×		•		×	×	×	×		ω_1
	×	×		×	×	•		×	×		ω_3
	×	×		×	×	×	×	•			ω_5
KK5 ^(2,i)	×	×			•	×	×	×	×		ω_2
	×	×		×	×		•	×	×		ω_4
	×	×		×	×	×	×		•		ω_6

H-functions (color branes)

$$H_1, H_5^{(1)}, H_5^{(2)}, H_5^{(3)}$$

H-functions (background branes)

$$H_5^{(4)}, H_5^{(5)}, H_5^{(6)}, H_5^{(7)}$$

One common transverse direction R

[codimension-1 brane intersection]

- Consider **O-planes/D-branes** & **KK monopoles** responsible for the fluxes

	dt	dx	dR	η^1	η^2	η^3	η^4	η^5	η^6	η^7	Flux
O1/D1	×	×									f_7
O5/D5 ⁽¹⁾	×	×				×	×	×	×		f_{31}
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O5/D5 ⁽³⁾	×	×		×	×	×	×				f_{33}
O5/D5 ⁽⁴⁾	×	×			×		×	×		×	f_{34}
O5/D5 ⁽⁵⁾	×	×		×			×		×	×	f_{35}
O5/D5 ⁽⁶⁾	×	×			×	×			×	×	f_{36}
O5/D5 ⁽⁷⁾	×	×		×		×		×		×	f_{37}
KK5 ^(1,a)	×	×		•		×	×	×	×		ω_1
	×	×		×	×	•		×	×		ω_3
	×	×		×	×	×	×	•			ω_5
KK5 ^(2,i)	×	×			•	×	×	×	×		ω_2
	×	×		×	×		•	×	×		ω_4
	×	×		×	×	×	×		•		ω_6

H-functions (color branes)

$$H_1, H_5^{(1)}, H_5^{(2)}, H_5^{(3)}$$

H-functions (background branes)

$$H_5^{(4)}, H_5^{(5)}, H_5^{(6)}, H_5^{(7)}$$

KK-monopole *H*-functions

$$H_{\text{KK}}^{(a)}, H_{\text{KK}}^{(i)}$$

One common transverse direction R

[codimension-1 brane intersection]

- 10D geometry

$$\begin{aligned}
ds_{10}^2 &= \left(H_1 H_5^{(1)} H_5^{(2)} H_5^{(3)} \right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \left(H_5^{(4)} H_5^{(5)} H_5^{(6)} H_5^{(7)} \right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} ds_2^2 \\
&+ \left(H_1 H_5^{(1)} H_5^{(2)} H_5^{(3)} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(H_5^{(4)} H_5^{(5)} H_5^{(6)} H_5^{(7)} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(\prod_a H_{\text{KK}}^{(a)} \right) \left(\prod_i H_{\text{KK}}^{(i)} \right) dR^2 \\
&+ \left(H_1 H_5^{(1)} H_5^{(2)} H_5^{(3)} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(H_5^{(4)} H_5^{(5)} H_5^{(6)} H_5^{(7)} \right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \left(\prod_a H_{\text{KK}}^{(a)} \right) \left(\prod_i H_{\text{KK}}^{(i)} \right) (\eta^7)^2 \\
&+ \left(\frac{H_1 H_5^{(1)}}{H_5^{(2)} H_5^{(3)}} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \left[\left(\frac{H_5^{(4)} H_5^{(6)}}{H_5^{(5)} H_5^{(7)}} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(\frac{H_{\text{KK}}^{(2)}}{H_{\text{KK}}^{(1)}} \right) (\eta^1)^2 + \left(\frac{H_5^{(5)} H_5^{(7)}}{H_5^{(4)} H_5^{(6)}} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(\frac{H_{\text{KK}}^{(1)}}{H_{\text{KK}}^{(2)}} \right) (\eta^2)^2 \right] \\
&+ \left(\frac{H_1 H_5^{(2)}}{H_5^{(3)} H_5^{(1)}} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \left[\left(\frac{H_5^{(4)} H_5^{(5)}}{H_5^{(6)} H_5^{(7)}} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(\frac{H_{\text{KK}}^{(4)}}{H_{\text{KK}}^{(3)}} \right) (\eta^3)^2 + \left(\frac{H_5^{(6)} H_5^{(7)}}{H_5^{(4)} H_5^{(5)}} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(\frac{H_{\text{KK}}^{(3)}}{H_{\text{KK}}^{(4)}} \right) (\eta^4)^2 \right] \\
&+ \left(\frac{H_1 H_5^{(3)}}{H_5^{(1)} H_5^{(2)}} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \left[\left(\frac{H_5^{(5)} H_5^{(6)}}{H_5^{(4)} H_5^{(7)}} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(\frac{H_{\text{KK}}^{(6)}}{H_{\text{KK}}^{(5)}} \right) (\eta^5)^2 + \left(\frac{H_5^{(4)} H_5^{(7)}}{H_5^{(5)} H_5^{(6)}} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(\frac{H_{\text{KK}}^{(5)}}{H_{\text{KK}}^{(6)}} \right) (\eta^6)^2 \right]
\end{aligned}$$

[harmonic superposition]

- 10D dilaton

$$e^{2\Phi} = \left(\frac{H_1}{H_5^{(1)} H_5^{(2)} H_5^{(3)}} \right) \left(H_5^{(4)} H_5^{(5)} H_5^{(6)} H_5^{(7)} \right)^{-1}$$

- 10D gauge flux

$$F_{(3)} = F_{(3)}^{(ele)} + F_{(3)}^{(mag)}$$

with

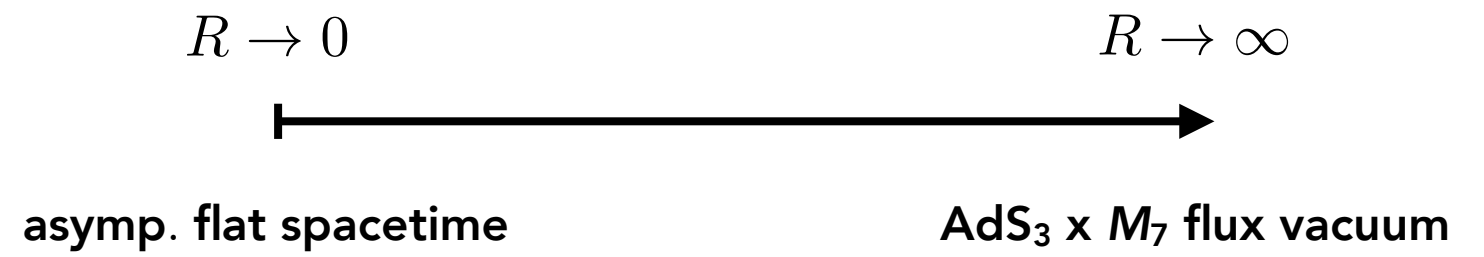
Note: $F_{(7)} = - \star F_{(3)}^{(ele)}$

$$F_{(3)}^{(ele)} = d(H_1^{-1}) \wedge dt \wedge dx$$

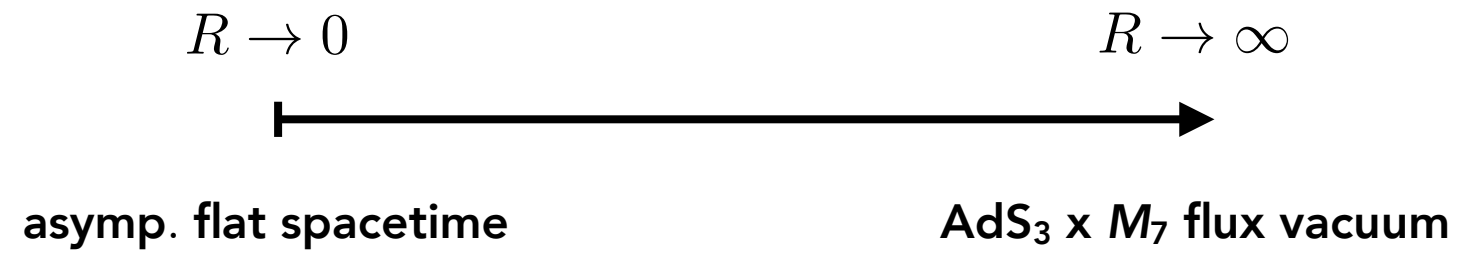
$$\begin{aligned} F_{(3)}^{(mag)} = & - \left(H_5^{(1)} \right)' \eta^{127} - \left(H_5^{(2)} \right)' \eta^{347} - \left(H_5^{(3)} \right)' \eta^{567} \\ & + \frac{\left(H_5^{(4)} \right)'}{H_{KK}^{(1)} H_{KK}^{(3)} H_{KK}^{(6)}} \eta^{136} + \frac{\left(H_5^{(5)} \right)'}{H_{KK}^{(2)} H_{KK}^{(3)} H_{KK}^{(5)}} \eta^{235} + \frac{\left(H_5^{(6)} \right)'}{H_{KK}^{(1)} H_{KK}^{(4)} H_{KK}^{(5)}} \eta^{145} \\ & - \frac{\left(H_5^{(7)} \right)'}{H_{KK}^{(2)} H_{KK}^{(4)} H_{KK}^{(6)}} \eta^{246} \end{aligned}$$

- Type IIB EOM's with both source and DW branes **automatically solved!**

- H -functions



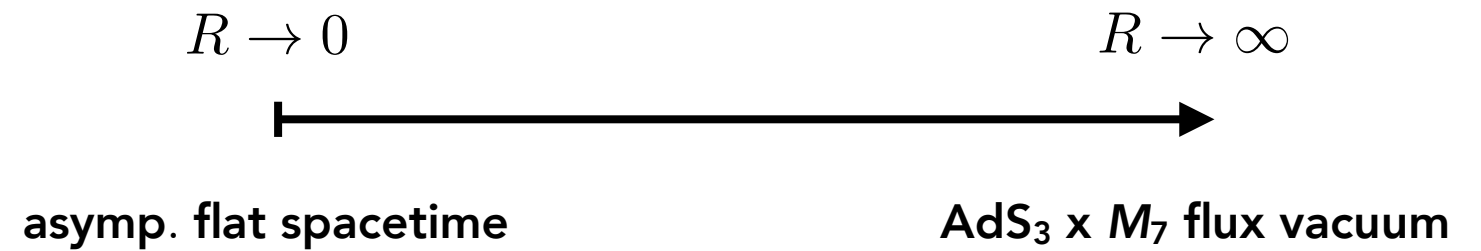
- H -functions



Harmonic functions

$$H_1 = 1 + |f_7| R \quad , \quad H_5^{(1)} = 1 + |f_{31}| R \quad , \quad H_5^{(2)} = 1 + |f_{32}| R \quad , \quad H_5^{(3)} = 1 + |f_{33}| R$$

- H -functions



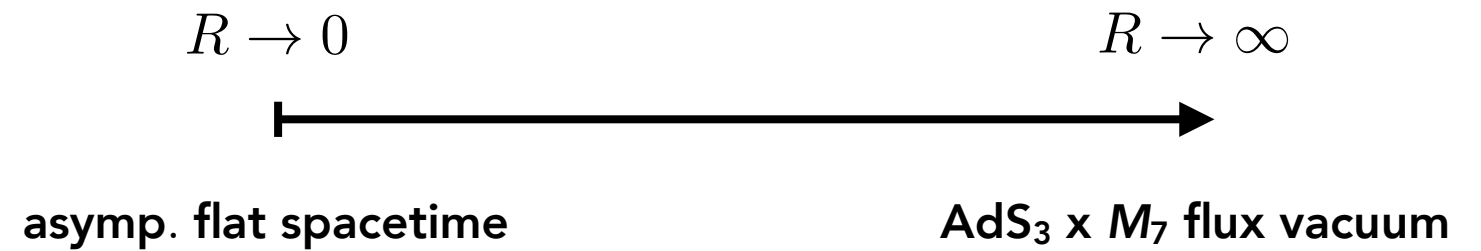
Harmonic functions

$$H_1 = 1 + |f_7| R \quad , \quad H_5^{(1)} = 1 + |f_{31}| R \quad , \quad H_5^{(2)} = 1 + |f_{32}| R \quad , \quad H_5^{(3)} = 1 + |f_{33}| R$$

Non-harmonic functions (chosen to recover AdS₃)

$$H_5^{(4)} \quad , \quad H_5^{(5)} \quad , \quad H_5^{(6)} \quad , \quad H_5^{(7)}$$

- H -functions



Harmonic functions

$$H_1 = 1 + |f_7| R \quad , \quad H_5^{(1)} = 1 + |f_{31}| R \quad , \quad H_5^{(2)} = 1 + |f_{32}| R \quad , \quad H_5^{(3)} = 1 + |f_{33}| R$$

Non-harmonic functions (chosen to recover AdS₃)

$$H_5^{(4)} \quad , \quad H_5^{(5)} \quad , \quad H_5^{(6)} \quad , \quad H_5^{(7)}$$

KK-monopole functions (not independent)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \omega_1 &= -\frac{\left(H_{\text{KK}}^{(1)}\right)'}{H_{\text{KK}}^{(2)} H_5^{(4)} H_5^{(6)}} \quad , \quad \omega_3 = -\frac{\left(H_{\text{KK}}^{(3)}\right)'}{H_{\text{KK}}^{(4)} H_5^{(4)} H_5^{(5)}} \quad , \quad \omega_5 = -\frac{\left(H_{\text{KK}}^{(5)}\right)'}{H_{\text{KK}}^{(6)} H_5^{(5)} H_5^{(6)}} \\
 \omega_2 &= -\frac{\left(H_{\text{KK}}^{(2)}\right)'}{H_{\text{KK}}^{(1)} H_5^{(5)} H_5^{(7)}} \quad , \quad \omega_4 = -\frac{\left(H_{\text{KK}}^{(4)}\right)'}{H_{\text{KK}}^{(3)} H_5^{(6)} H_5^{(7)}} \quad , \quad \omega_6 = -\frac{\left(H_{\text{KK}}^{(6)}\right)'}{H_{\text{KK}}^{(5)} H_5^{(4)} H_5^{(7)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

An example :

$$\omega_a = \omega_i \equiv \omega \quad \text{and} \quad f_{34} = f_{35} = f_{36} = f_{37} \equiv \tilde{f}$$

Harmonic functions

$$H_1 = 1 + |f_7| R \quad , \quad H_5^{(1)} = 1 + |f_{31}| R \quad , \quad H_5^{(2)} = 1 + |f_{32}| R \quad , \quad H_5^{(3)} = 1 + |f_{33}| R$$

Non-harmonic functions (a choice)

$$H_5^{(4)} = 2 c_1 c_3 c_6 R^{-\frac{3}{2}} \left(1 + \tilde{f} R \right) \quad , \quad H_5^{(5)} = 2 c_2 c_3 c_5 R^{-\frac{3}{2}} \left(1 + \tilde{f} R \right)$$

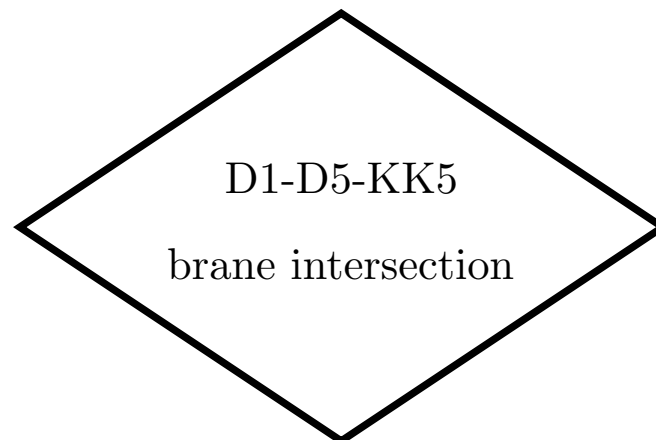
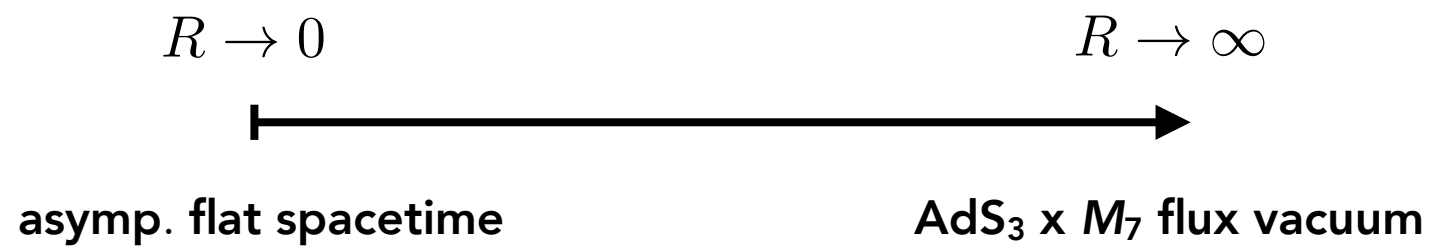
$$H_5^{(6)} = 2 c_1 c_4 c_5 R^{-\frac{3}{2}} \left(1 + \tilde{f} R \right) \quad , \quad H_5^{(7)} = 2 c_2 c_4 c_6 R^{-\frac{3}{2}} \left(1 + \tilde{f} R \right)$$

KK-monopole functions (not independent)

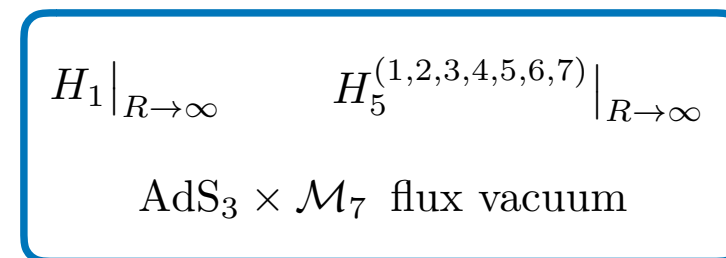
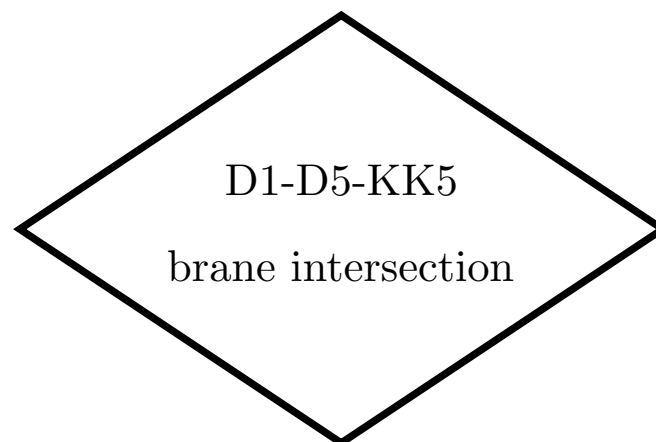
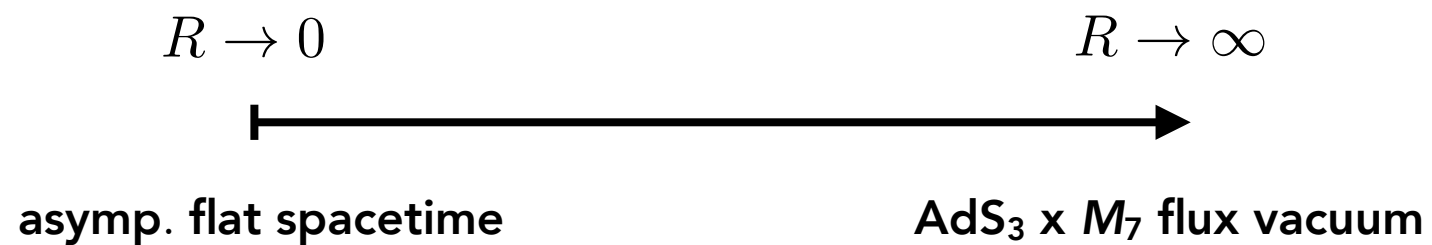
$$H_{\text{KK}}^{(a)} = c_a R^{-\frac{1}{2}} e^{\frac{1+4}{4} \frac{\tilde{f} R}{\tilde{f}^2 R^2}} \quad , \quad H_{\text{KK}}^{(i)} = c_i R^{-\frac{1}{2}} e^{\frac{1+4}{4} \frac{\tilde{f} R}{\tilde{f}^2 R^2}}$$

Note: AdS₃ recovered if $c_1 \cdots c_6 = \frac{1}{8 \omega \tilde{f}^2}$

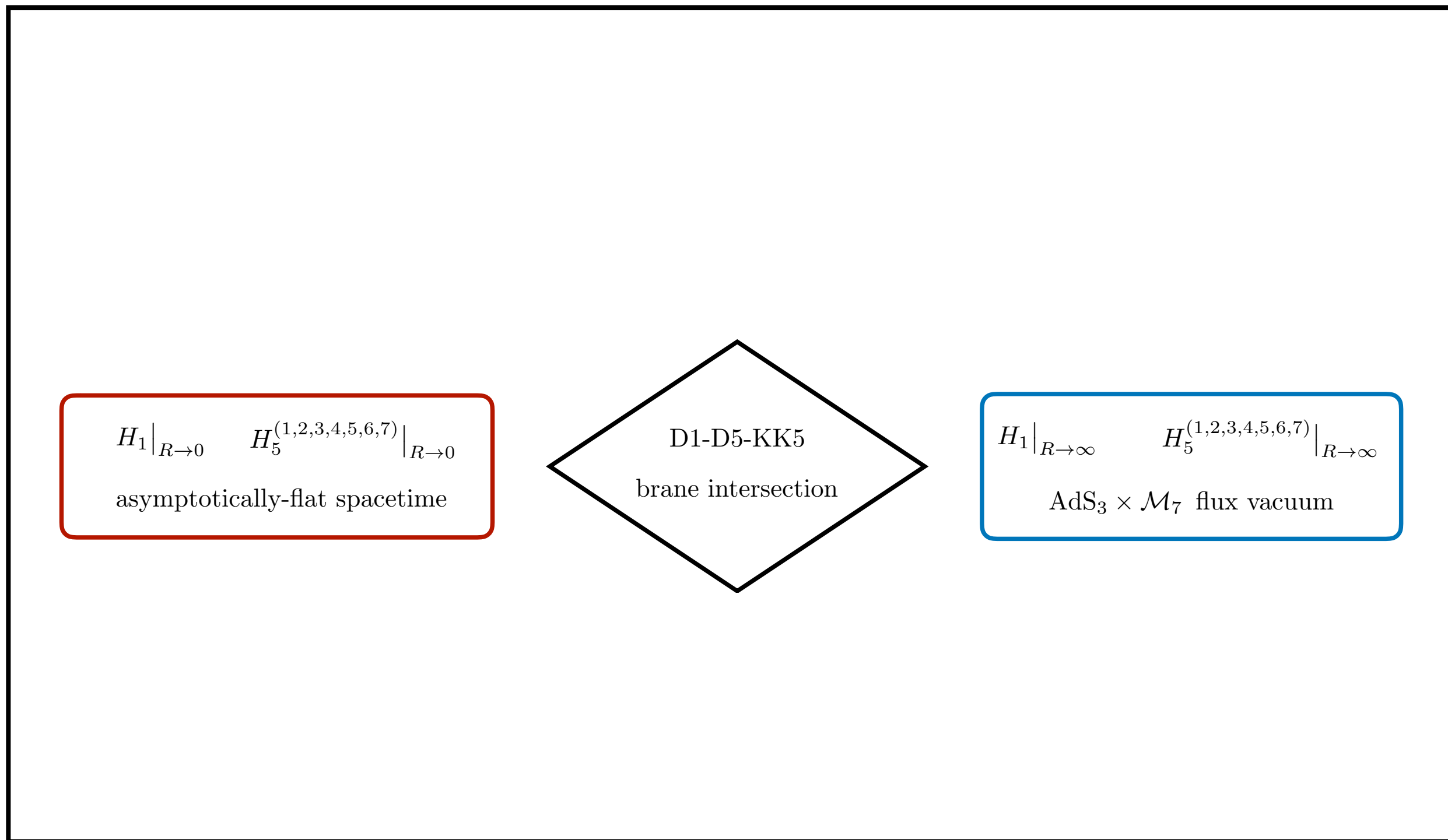
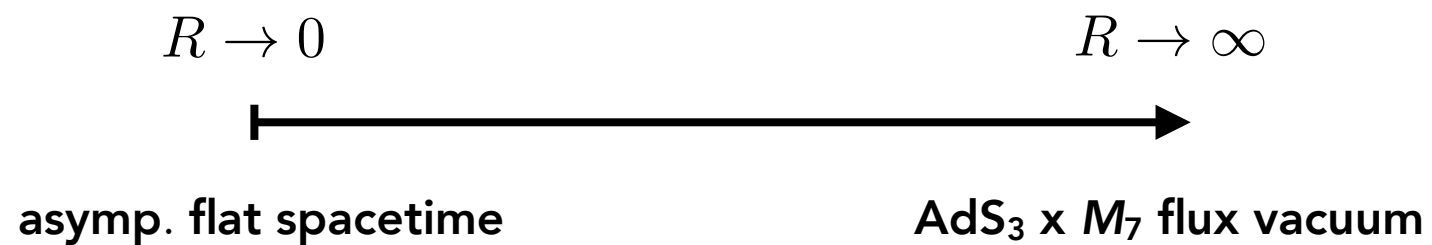
Summary



Summary



Summary



Summary

$$R \rightarrow 0$$
$$R \rightarrow \infty$$


asymptotically flat spacetime

AdS₃ x M₇ flux vacuum

$$H_1|_{R \rightarrow 0} = H_5^{(1,2,3)}|_{R \rightarrow 0} = 1$$

$$H_5^{(4,5,6,7)} \Big|_{R \rightarrow \infty}$$

background solution

D1-D5-KK5

brane intersection

$$H_1|_{R \rightarrow \infty} \quad H_5^{(1,2,3,4,5,6,7)}|_{R \rightarrow \infty}$$

AdS₃ × M₇ flux vacuum

[strongly-coupled singularity]

Summary

$$R \rightarrow 0$$

$$R \rightarrow \infty$$



asymptotically flat spacetime

$\text{AdS}_3 \times M_7$ flux vacuum

$$H_5^{(4,5,6,7)} \Big|_{R \rightarrow \infty}$$

interpolating solution

$$H_1 \Big|_{R \rightarrow 0} = H_5^{(1,2,3)} \Big|_{R \rightarrow 0} = 1$$

$$H_5^{(4,5,6,7)} \Big|_{R \rightarrow \infty}$$

background solution

D1-D5-KK5

brane intersection

$$H_1 \Big|_{R \rightarrow \infty} \quad H_5^{(1,2,3,4,5,6,7)} \Big|_{R \rightarrow \infty}$$

$\text{AdS}_3 \times \mathcal{M}_7$ flux vacuum

[strongly-coupled singularity]

Message to take home

- We have made progress in understanding/characterising scale-separated AdS_3 flux vacua in type IIB and their 10D domain-wall (and brane) description

Things to look at...

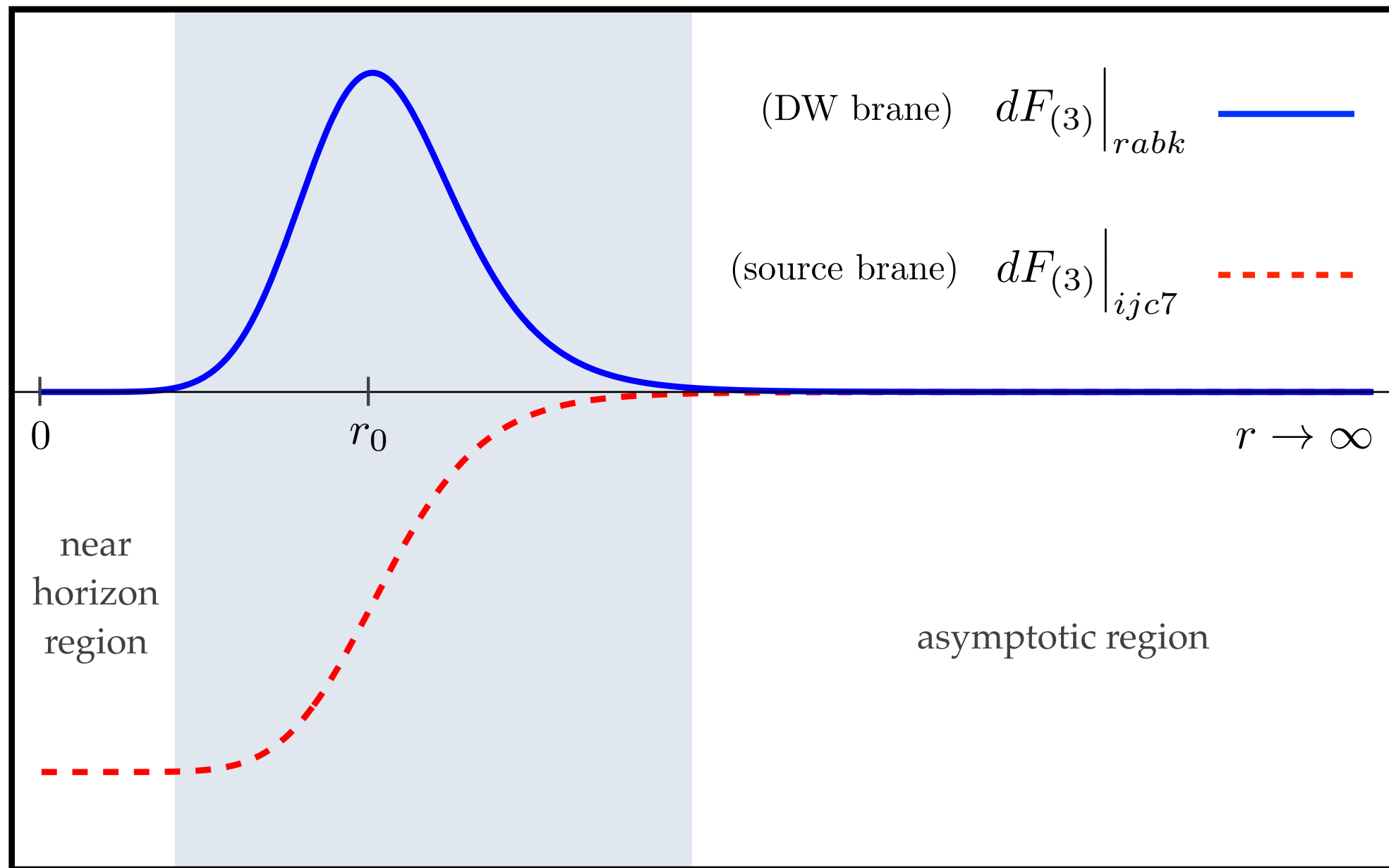
- KK-modes decoupling ? [Van Hemelryck, '25]
- **D1-D5 branes** decoupling from the bulk ? [Apers, '26]
- Holographic $\text{AdS}_3 / \text{CFT}_2$ constraints ? [Bobev, Paul, Revello, '26]

ευχαριστώ !

thanks !

Extra slides

Flux/brane correspondence



Note: New transverse coordinate $r = R^{-\frac{1}{4}}$

Type IIB EOM's with both source and DW branes

$$2\kappa^2 S_{\text{IIB}} = \int d^{10}X \sqrt{-G} \left[e^{-2\Phi} \left(R^{(10)} + 4(\partial\Phi)^2 \right) - \frac{1}{4} \sum_{p=1,3} \frac{|F_{(2p+1)}|^2}{(2p+1)!} \right] + \sum_{k=4}^7 \tilde{S}_{\text{loc}}^{(k)} + \sum_{k=1}^7 S_{\text{loc}}^{(k)} + S_{\text{loc}}^{\text{O1/D1}}$$

- Gauge potential equations

$$dF_{(3)} = \sum_{k=4}^7 \tilde{J}_{(k)}^{\widetilde{\text{O5/D5}}} + \sum_{k=1}^7 J_{(k)}^{\text{O5/D5}} \quad , \quad dF_{(7)} = J^{\text{O1/D1}}$$

- Dilaton equation

$$2e^{-\Phi} \sqrt{-G} \left(R^{(10)} + 4\Box\Phi - 4(\partial\Phi)^2 \right) - \sum_{k=4}^7 \tilde{j}_{5(k)} \sqrt{-G_{(k)}^{(6\text{D})}} - \sum_{k=1}^7 j_{5(k)} \sqrt{-G_{(k)}^{(6\text{D})}} - j_1 \sqrt{-G^{(2\text{D})}} = 0$$

- Einstein equation

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt{-G} \left[e^{-2\Phi} (R_{MN} + 2 \nabla_M \nabla_N \Phi) \right. \\
& \left. - \frac{1}{2} (F_{(1)}^2)_{MN} - \frac{1}{2 \cdot 2!} (F_{(3)}^2)_{MN} + \frac{1}{4} G_{MN} (|F_{(1)}|^2 + \frac{1}{3!} |F_{(3)}|^2) \right] \\
& + j_1 e^{-\Phi} \sqrt{-G^{(2D)}} \left(\frac{1}{2} G_{MN}^{(2D)} - \frac{1}{4} G_{MN} \right) \\
& + \sum_{j=1}^7 j_{5(k)} e^{-\Phi} \sqrt{-G_{(k)}^{(6D)}} \left(\frac{1}{2} G_{(k)MN}^{(6D)} - \frac{1}{4} G_{MN} \right) \\
& + \sum_{j=4}^7 \tilde{j}_{5(k)} e^{-\Phi} \sqrt{-G_{(k)}^{(6D)}} \left(\frac{1}{2} G_{(k)MN}^{(6D)} - \frac{1}{4} G_{MN} \right) = 0
\end{aligned}$$

7D Solvmanifold: the one-form basis

$$\begin{aligned}\eta^a &= \cos [\sqrt{\omega_a \omega_i} x^7] dx^a + \sqrt{\frac{\omega_a}{\omega_i}} \sin [\sqrt{\omega_a \omega_i} x^7] dx^i \\ \eta^i &= -\sqrt{\frac{\omega_i}{\omega_a}} \sin [\sqrt{\omega_a \omega_i} x^7] dx^a + \cos [\sqrt{\omega_a \omega_i} x^7] dx^i \\ \eta^7 &= dx^7\end{aligned}$$

- Nilpotent limit $\omega_a \rightarrow 0$ or $\omega_i \rightarrow 0$