

Taming the little SUSY hierarchy with the quiver supersymmetric standard model

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Introduction

- SUSY Standard Model looks suffering from **the little hierarchy problem**.
 - EW symmetry breaking (100 GeV) vs SUSY breaking (gluino 2 TeV, stop 1 TeV over)
 - fine-tuning of $O(0.1)\%$
- Any attempt realizing **natural multi-TeV supersymmetry** would be welcome for future LHC run/FCC
- We propose **Quiver Supersymmetric Standard Model + “Sliding 3rd Generation”**

Little SUSY hierarchy problem

EW symmetry breaking

SUSY

$$\frac{m_Z^2}{2} \approx -m_{H_u}^2 - |\mu|^2$$

$$\delta \approx \frac{m_Z^2}{2m_{H_u}^2} \quad \begin{array}{l} 0.5 \% \\ \text{for 1 TeV} \end{array}$$

SUSY breaking

Renormalization Group Equation

stop > 1 TeV

$$\delta m_{H_u}^2 = \frac{1}{16\pi^2} \left[-6g_2^2 |M_2|^2 - \frac{6}{5}g_1^2 |M_1|^2 + \frac{3}{5}g_1^2 S \right. \\ \left. + 6|y_t|^2 \left(m_{H_u}^2 + \underline{m_{Q_3}^2 + m_{U_3}^2 + |A_t|^2} \right) \right] \ln \left(\frac{Q}{M} \right)$$

Even a RG scale ambiguity can generate a few hundred GeV correction!

Little SUSY hierarchy problem

Lesson:

The Higgs field **should not touch the SUSY breaking** via gauge and Yukawa interactions until just before **the gaugino, squark and slepton** decouple.

$$\delta m_{H_u}^2 = \frac{1}{16\pi^2} \left[-6g_2^2 |M_2|^2 - \frac{6}{5}g_1^2 |M_1|^2 + \frac{3}{5}g_1^2 S \right. \\ \left. + 6|y_t|^2 \left(m_{H_u}^2 + \underline{m_{Q_3}^2 + m_{U_3}^2 + |A_t|^2} \right) \right] \ln \left(\frac{Q}{M} \right)$$

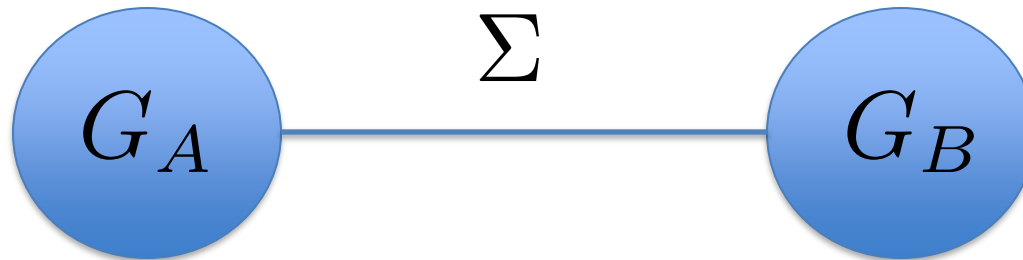
Quiver (SUSY) Standard Model

C.Csaki, J.Erlich, C.Grojean, G.Kribs (2001)

H-C. Cheng, D.E.Kaplan, M. Schmaltz, W.Skiba (2001)

.....Many others

$$G_A \times G_{B(SM)} \rightarrow G_{SM} \quad (G_A \supset G_{SM})$$



$$V_H = \frac{g_A V_A - g_B V_B}{\sqrt{g_A^2 + g_B^2}}$$

$$V_{SM} = \frac{g_B V_A + g_A V_B}{\sqrt{g_A^2 + g_B^2}}$$

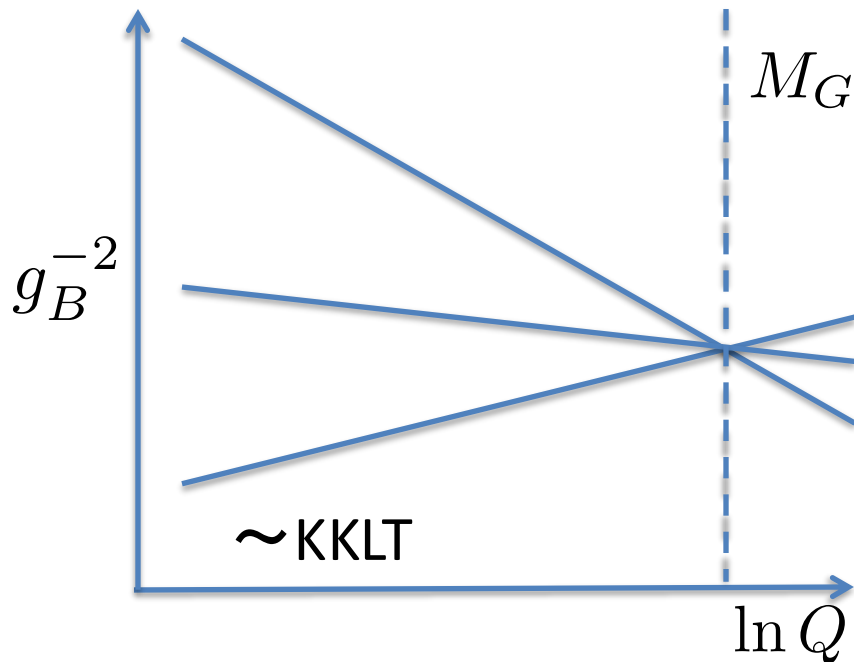
$$\frac{1}{g_{SM}^2} = \frac{1}{g_A^2} + \frac{1}{g_B^2}$$

Quiver (SUSY) Standard Model

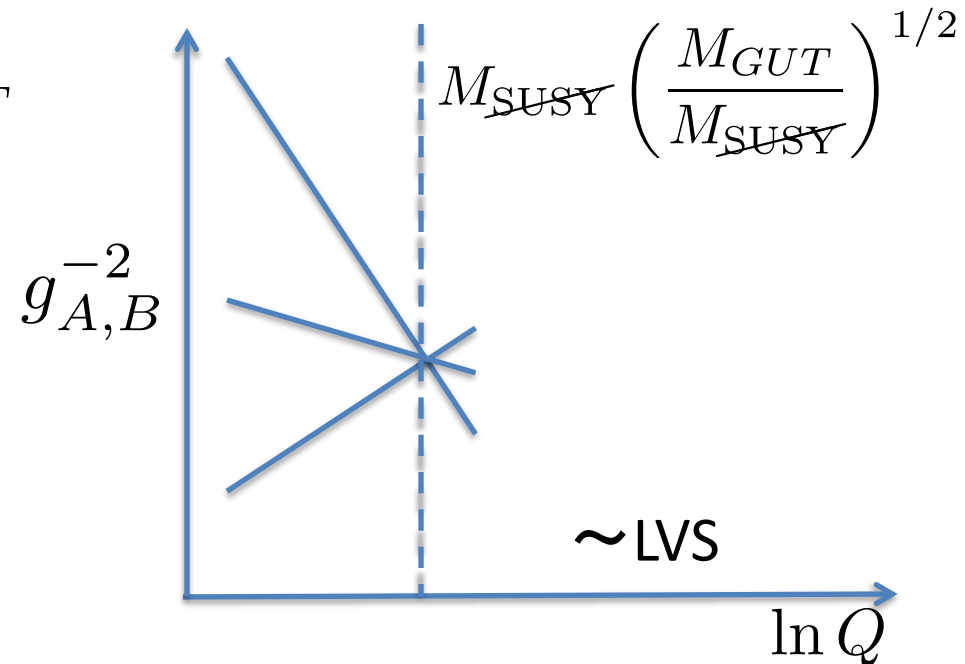
$$G_A \times G_{B(SM)} \rightarrow G_{SM}$$

$$G_A = SU(5)$$

$$G_A = G_{SM}$$



Severe constraint from
Landau poles



N.Arkani-Hammed, A. Cohen, H.Georgi (2001)

Quiver (SUSY) Standard Model

$$G_A \times G_{B(SM)} \rightarrow G_{SM}$$

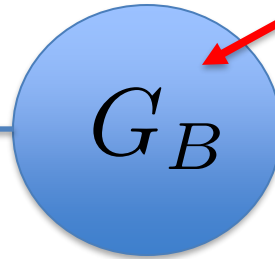
Gaugino Mass

$$M_A \neq 0$$



~~SUSY~~

Σ



SUSY

$H_u H_d$

$$M_B = 0$$

Deconstructed Gaugino mediation (Tree)

$$\frac{1}{2} M_A \overline{\lambda}_A^c \lambda_A^c = \frac{1}{2} M_A \frac{(g_A \lambda_H^c + g_B \lambda_{SM}^c)(g_A \lambda_H + g_B \lambda_{SM})}{g_A^2 + g_B^2}$$

Sequestering of the gauge interaction

G_A

$$M_A \neq 0$$

$H'_u \quad H'_d$

$\Sigma \quad \bar{\Sigma}$

G_B

$$M_B = 0$$

$$m_0^2 \neq 0$$

$$(M_{B-L} \neq 0)$$

$Q \quad \bar{U} \quad \bar{D} \quad L \quad \bar{E}$

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$H_u \quad H_d$

$$m_H^2 = 0$$

$$\langle \Sigma \rangle = \langle \bar{\Sigma} \rangle \approx M_A$$

Decouple before the loop corrections

Sequestering of the top Yukawa

KO (2020) JPS meeting

Scalar mass

$$m_0^2 \neq 0$$

Q' \bar{U}'

$$\mathcal{W}_B \supset$$

$$\lambda X (Q' \bar{Q} + \bar{U}' U)$$

\bar{Q} U

$$\mu_V (Q \bar{Q} + \bar{U} U)$$

$$m_0^2 = 0$$

Q \bar{U}

$$\langle X \rangle \approx M_A$$

$$y_t H_u Q \bar{U}$$

Sequestering of the top Yukawa

$$\begin{array}{cc} Q_H & \bar{U}_H \\ \bar{Q} & U \end{array}$$

$$\left. \vphantom{\begin{array}{cc} Q_H & \bar{U}_H \\ \bar{Q} & U \end{array}} \right\} \mu'_V (Q_H \bar{Q} + \bar{U}_H U)$$

$$\mu'^2_V = \lambda^2 \langle X \rangle^2 + \mu_V^2$$

$$m^2_{Q, \bar{U}} \neq 0$$

$$\begin{array}{cc} Q_{SM} & \bar{U}_{SM} \end{array}$$

$$y_t^{SM} H_u Q_{SM} \bar{U}_{SM}$$

Sliding 3rd generation !

Sliding 3rd Generation

Sequestering the top Yukawa interaction from the SUSY breaking

$$M_{GUT} \rightarrow M_{\cancel{SUSY}}$$

U Q Q'

$$M_t = \begin{matrix} \overline{Q} \\ \overline{U} \\ \overline{U}' \end{matrix} \begin{bmatrix} \mu_{Q_V} & \lambda_Q v_X \\ \mu_{U_V} & \lambda_t v_u \\ \lambda_U v_X & \end{bmatrix}$$

~~SUSY~~

U Q_H Q_{SM}

$$M_t = \begin{matrix} \overline{Q} \\ \overline{U}_H \\ \overline{U}_{SM} \end{matrix} \begin{bmatrix} \mu'_{Q_V} & \lambda_t^H v_u & * \\ \mu'_{U_V} & * & y_t^{SM} v_u \end{bmatrix}$$

$v_X \approx \cancel{SUSY}$

Sliding 3rd Generation

$$\mu_V = \mu' \cos \theta \quad \lambda \langle X \rangle = \mu' \sin \theta$$

$$Q_H = \cos \theta Q + \sin \theta Q'$$

$$Q_{SM} = -\sin \theta Q + \cos \theta Q'$$

$$y_t^{SM} = y_t \sin^2 \theta$$

$$m_{Q_H}^2 = m_{Q'}^2 \sin^2 \theta \quad m_{Q_{SM}}^2 = m_{Q'}^2 \cos^2 \theta$$

Minimal Model

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{W}_B = & \sum_{i=1,2,3} (\lambda_i^u H_u Q_i \bar{U}_i + \lambda_i^d H_d Q_i \bar{D}_i + \lambda_i^e H_d L_i \bar{E}_i) \\
 & + \mu H_u H_d \\
 & + \mu_F (Q_3 \bar{Q} + \bar{U}_3 U + \bar{D}_3 D + L_3 \bar{L} + \bar{E}_3 E) \\
 & + \lambda_V X (Q' \bar{Q} + \bar{U}' U + \bar{D}' D + L' \bar{L} + \bar{E}' E) \\
 & + \frac{1}{3!} \kappa X^3
 \end{aligned}$$

Sliding
3rd
Generation

$$\mathcal{W}_\Sigma = \sum_{i=2,3} [\lambda_i^A \text{tr}(\Sigma_i A_i \bar{\Sigma}_i) + \lambda_i^S S_i \text{tr}(\Sigma_i \bar{\Sigma}_i)] + \frac{1}{3!} \kappa_i^X S_i^3$$

+ spectator for the unification

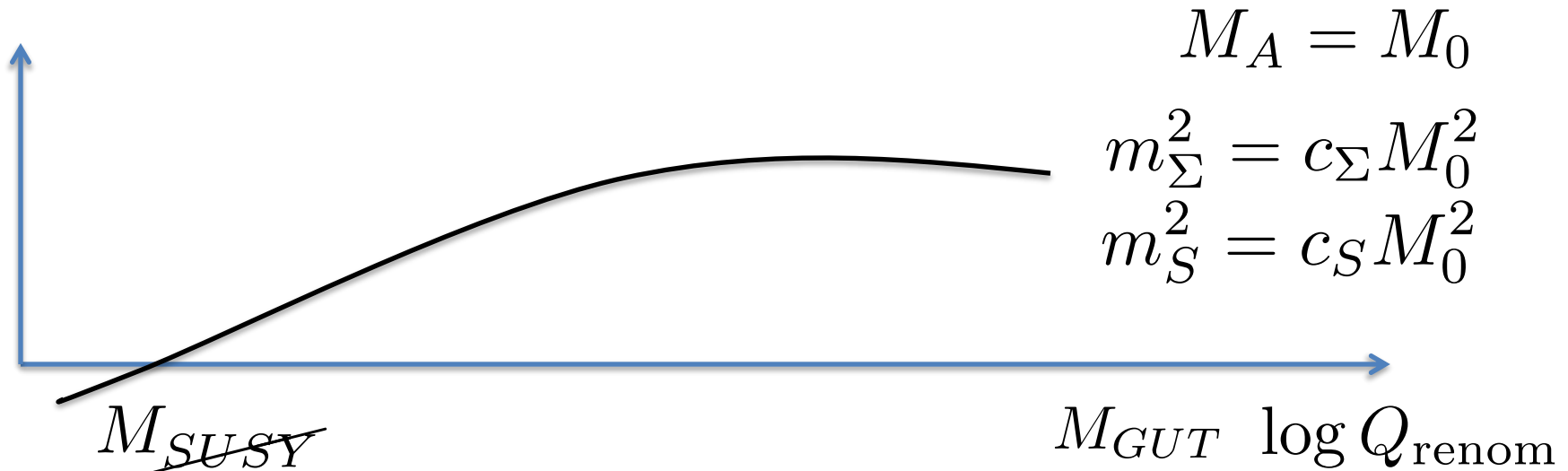
Nontrivial Vacuum $\langle \Sigma \rangle \neq 0$ $\langle X \rangle \neq 0$ due to the SUSY breaking

RG running

Radiative “quiver” symmetry breaking

$$\mathcal{W}_\Sigma = \sum_{i=2,3} [\lambda_i^A \text{tr}(\Sigma_i A_i \bar{\Sigma}_i) + \lambda_i^S S \text{tr}(\Sigma_i \bar{\Sigma}_i)] + \frac{1}{3!} \kappa^X S^3$$

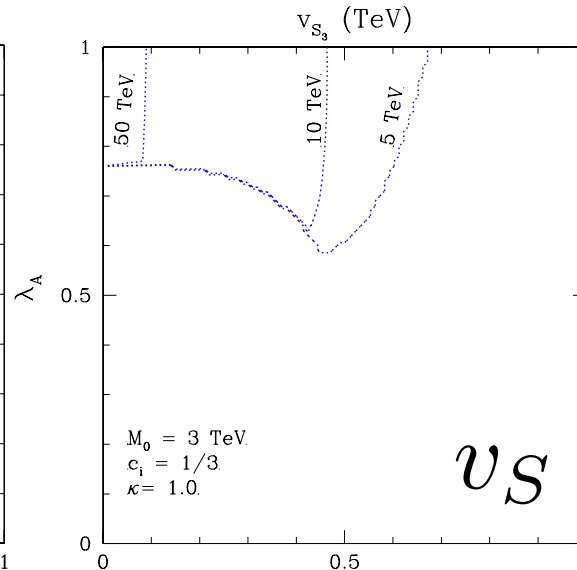
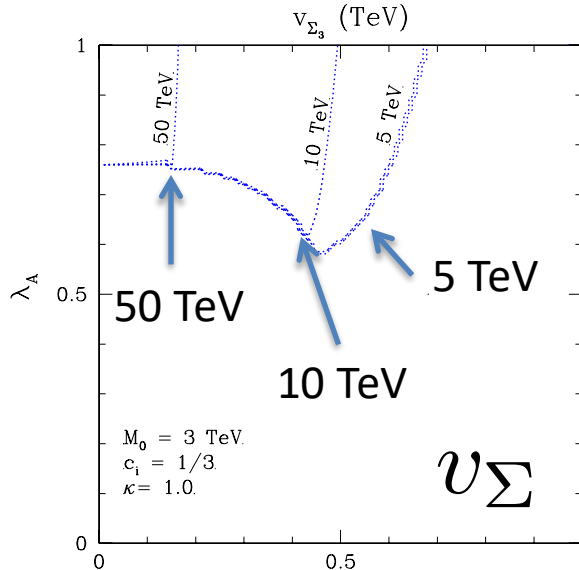
$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SUSY}} = m_\Sigma^2 (|\Sigma|^2 + |\bar{\Sigma}|^2) + m_S^2 |S|^2 + (\text{A terms})$$



Bifundamental vacuum

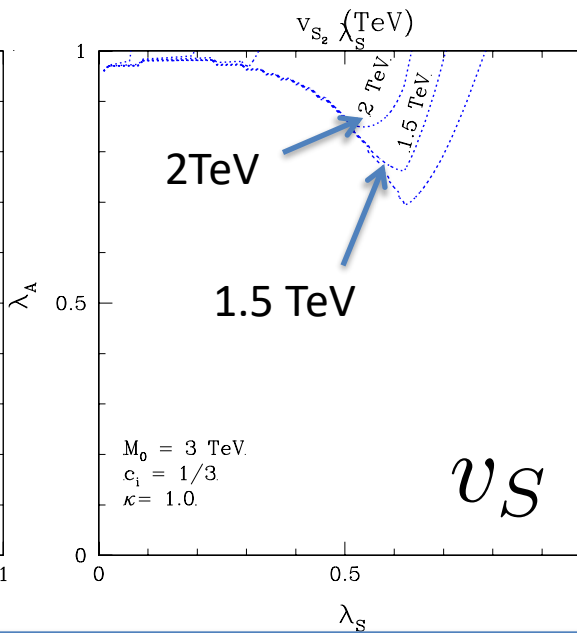
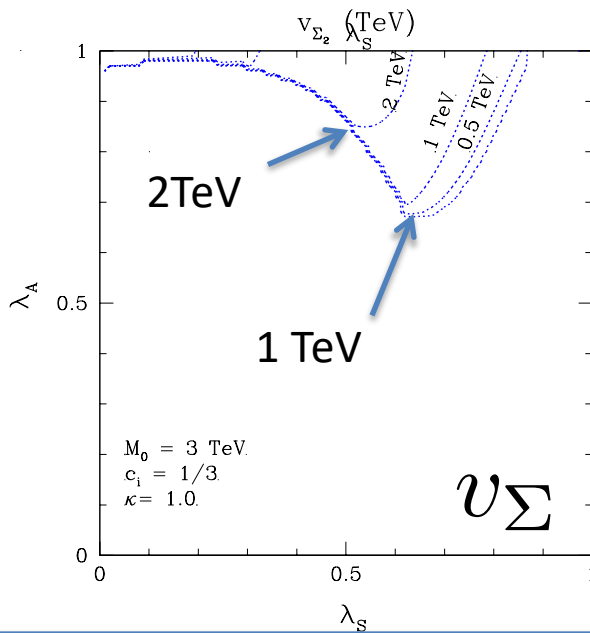
λ^A

SU(3)



Non-trivial Vacuum
Via SUSY breaking effect

SU(2)

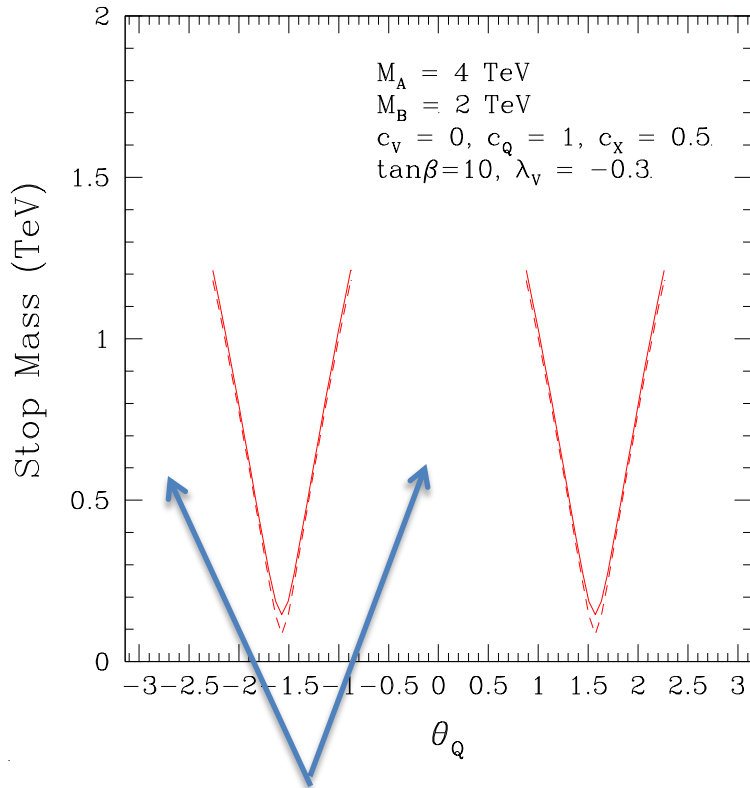


O(1) coupling is Required for the vacuum deeper than the origin

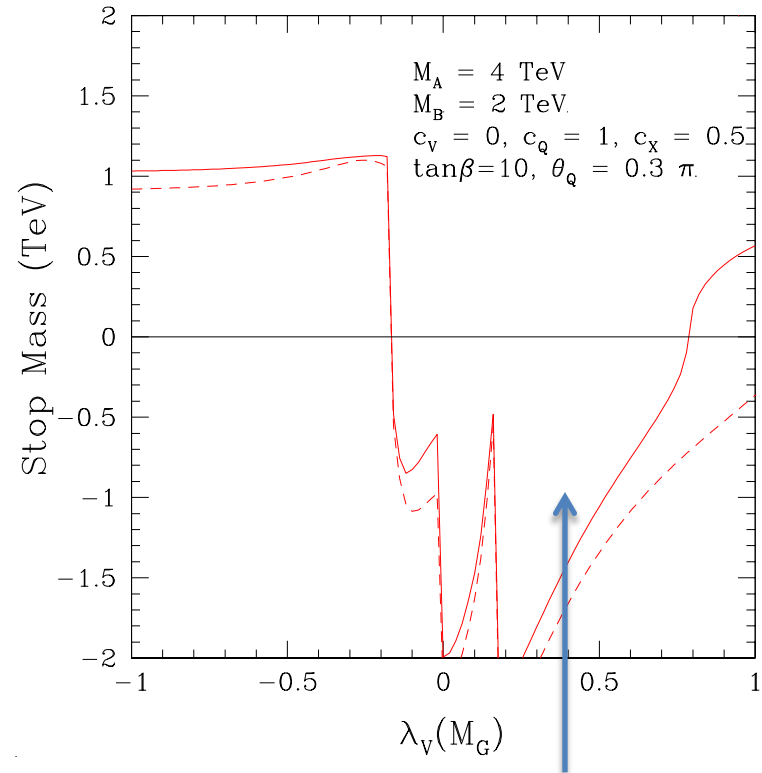
λ^S

Stop mass

It's not easy to lift the stop mass to multi-TeV



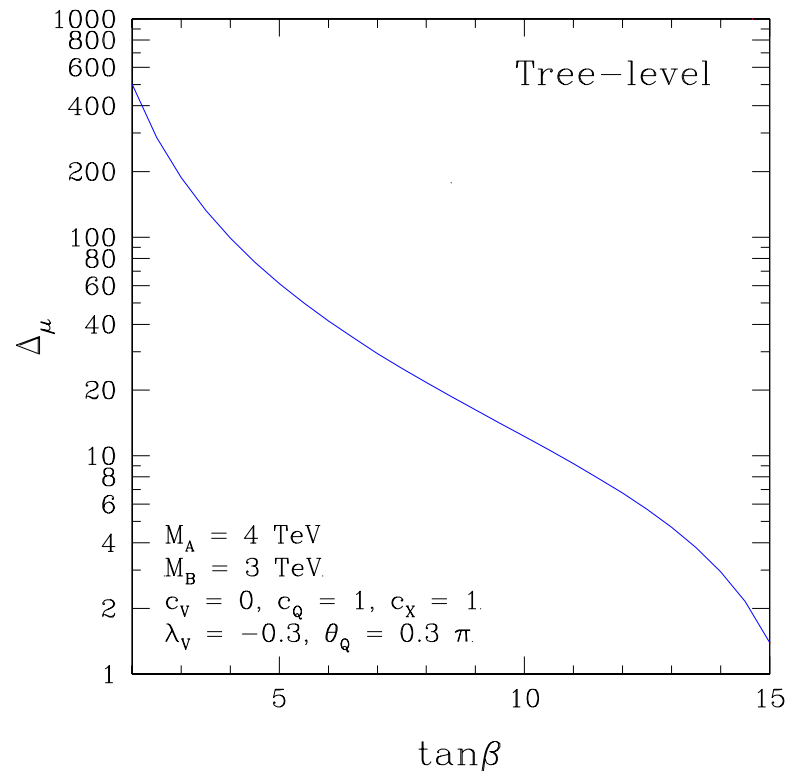
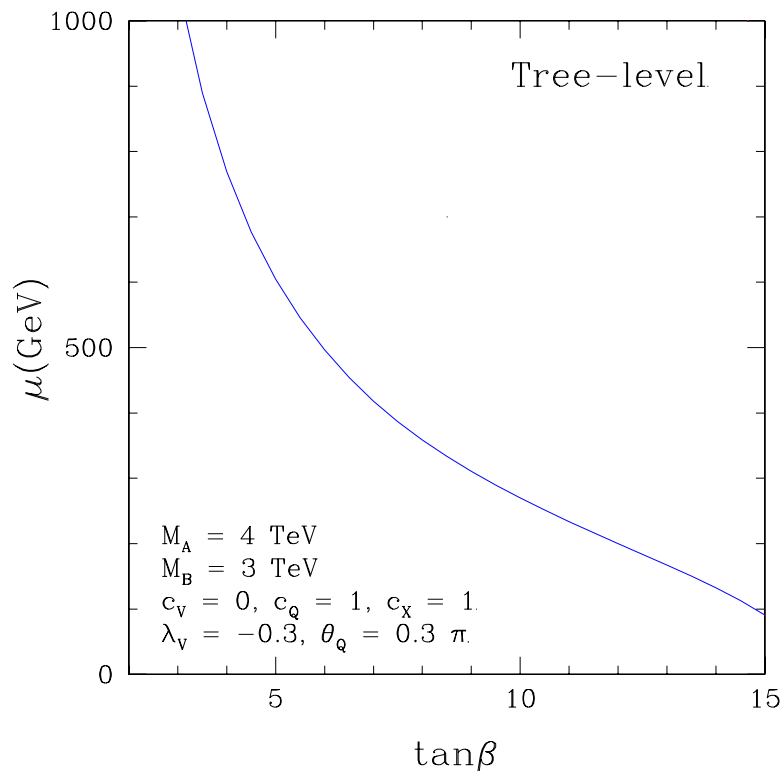
The SM top Yukawa is fixed
and a small mixing hits **the Landau pole**



SUSY breaking by the singlet F
term generates **mixing with \overline{Q}^***
and reduce the stop mass.

EW symmetry breaking (Tree-level)

$$\frac{1}{2}m_Z^2 = -|\mu|^2 - \frac{m_{H_d}^2 - m_{H_u}^2 \tan^2 \beta}{1 - \tan^2 \beta} \quad \Delta_\mu = \frac{\partial \ln m_Z^2}{\partial \ln \mu} \approx \frac{2\mu^2}{m_Z^2}$$



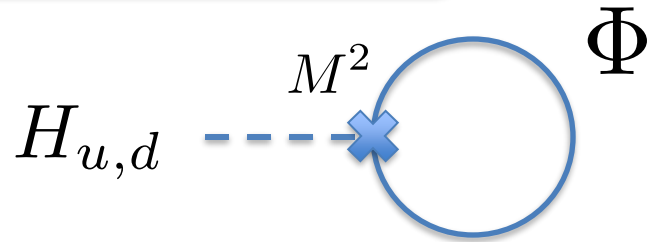
$$\underline{m_{H_u}^2(M_G) = 0} \quad \underline{m_{H_d}^2(M_G) = M_B^2}$$

RG due to the bottom Yukawa

Effective potential and Tadpole

$$V_{eff} = \frac{1}{64\pi^2} Str M^4 \left(\ln \left(\frac{M^2}{Q_{renorm}^2} \right) - \frac{3}{2} \right)$$

$$T_{u,d} = - \frac{\partial V_{eff}}{\partial H_{u,d}}$$



$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{2} m_Z^2 &= -|\mu|^2 - \frac{(m_{H_d}^2 - T_d/v_d) - (m_{H_u} - T_u/v_u) \tan^2 \beta}{1 - \tan^2 \beta} \\ &\approx T_u/v_u - m_{H_u}^2 - |\mu|^2 + \frac{m_{H_d}^2}{\tan^2 \beta} \end{aligned}$$

Effective potential and tadpole

$$\begin{aligned}
 T_{u,d} &= -\frac{\partial V_{eff}}{\partial H_{u,d}} \\
 &= -\frac{1}{32\pi^2} \sum_i (-)^{2S_i} \frac{\partial \hat{M}_i^2}{\partial H_{u,d}} \hat{M}_i^2 \left(\ln \left(\frac{\hat{M}_i^2}{Q_{renorm}^2} \right) - 1 \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{\partial \hat{M}_i^2}{\partial H_{u,d}} &= \frac{\partial}{\partial H_{u,d}} (UMU^\dagger)_{ii} \quad \leftarrow UU^\dagger = \mathbf{1} \\
 &= \left(U \frac{\partial M}{\partial H_{u,d}} U^\dagger \right)_{ii}
 \end{aligned}$$

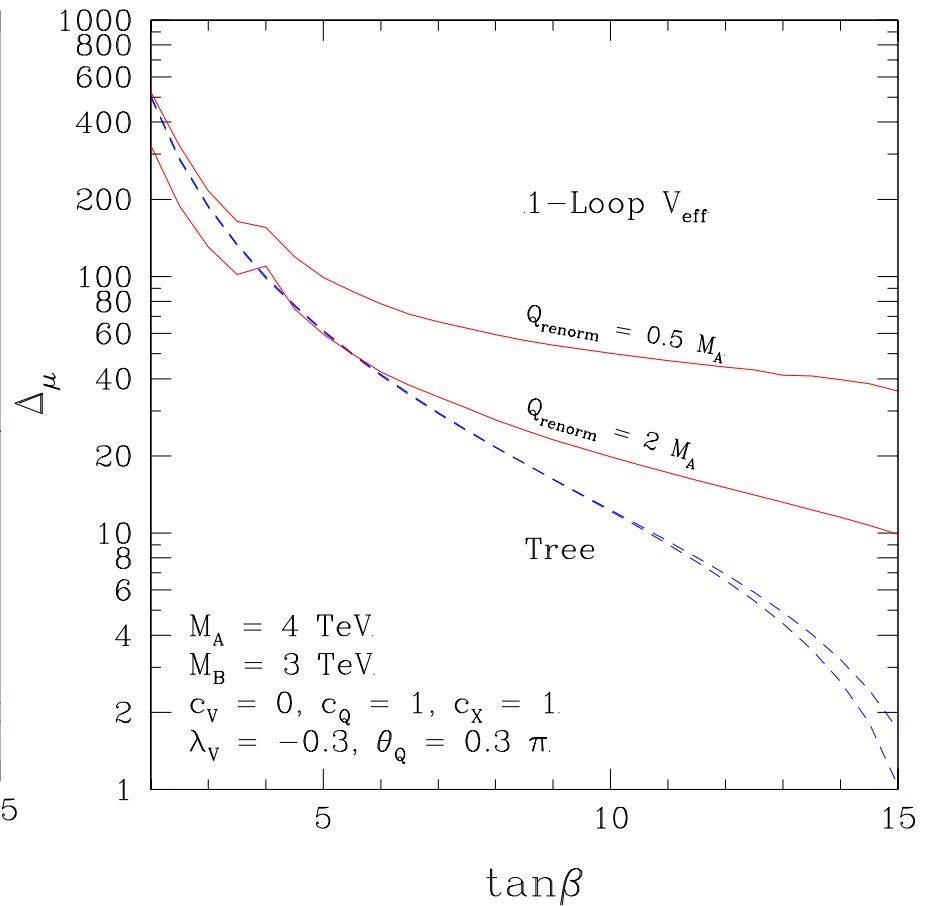
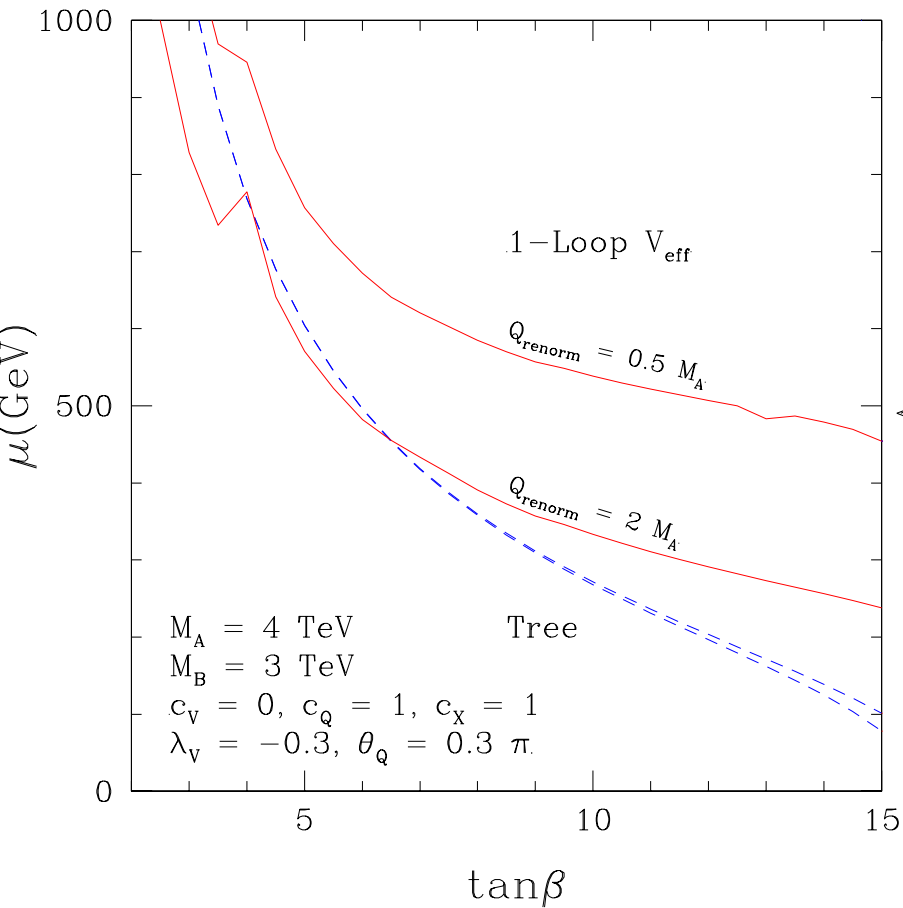
Neutralino Mass

$$\chi_L^0 = \left[\begin{array}{c} \text{U(1)} \\ \text{Gaugino} \\ \lambda_Y^A, \lambda_Y^B, \end{array} \right. \left. \begin{array}{c} \text{Bifundamental} \\ \tilde{G}_{\Sigma_2}, \tilde{G}_{\Sigma_3}, \end{array} \right. \left. \begin{array}{c} \text{SU(2)} \\ \text{Gaugino} \\ \lambda_2^A, \lambda_2^B, \end{array} \right. \left. \begin{array}{c} \text{Bifundamental} \\ \tilde{G}_{\Sigma_2}^0, \tilde{H}_d, \tilde{H}_u \end{array} \right]$$

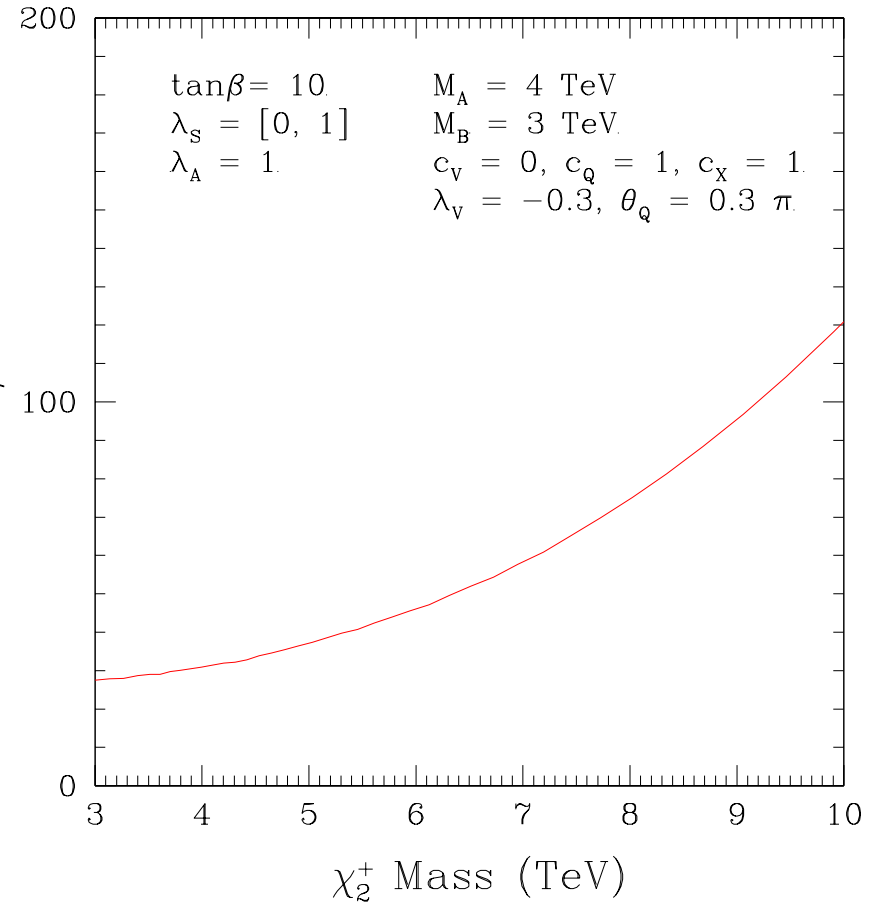
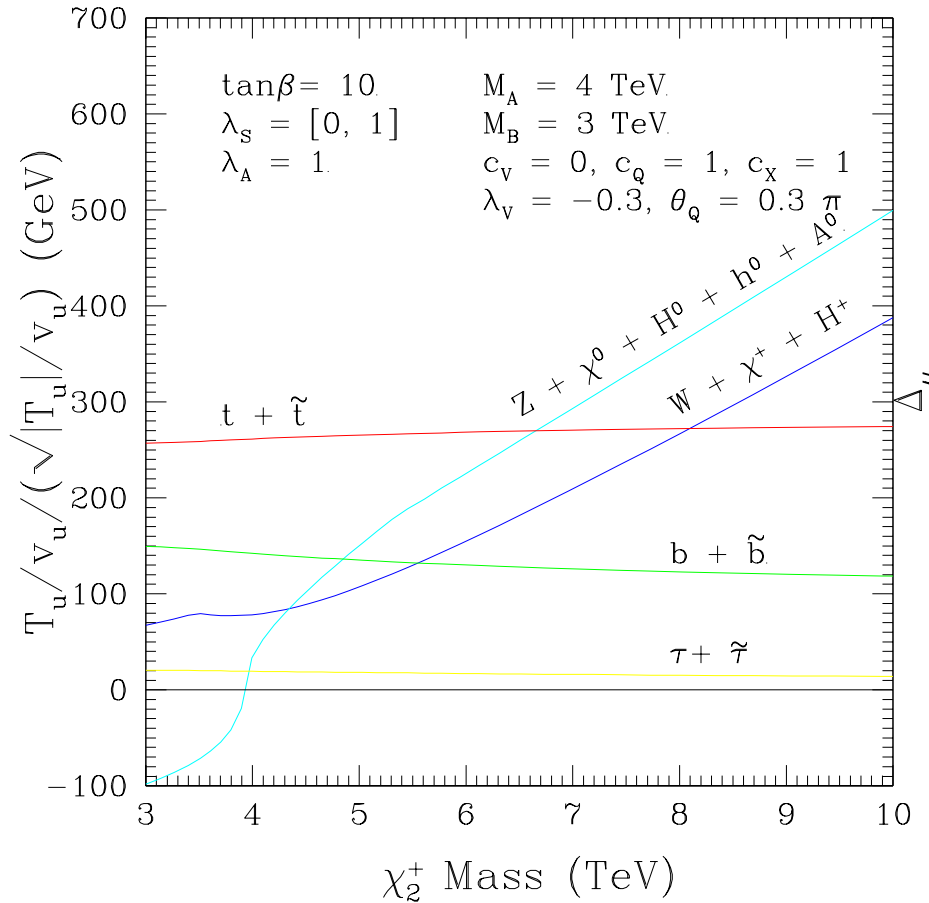
$$M_{\chi^0} = \left[\begin{array}{cccccc} M_Y^A & -g_Y^A v_{\Sigma_2} & \frac{2}{3} g_Y^A v_{\Sigma_3} & & & \\ & g_Y^B v_{\Sigma_2} & -\frac{2}{3} g_Y^A v_{\Sigma_3} & & -\frac{g_Y^B}{\sqrt{2}} v_d & \frac{g_Y^B}{\sqrt{2}} v_u \\ & -\lambda_S v_S & & & & \\ & & -\lambda_S v_S & & & \\ & & & M_2^A & g_2^A v_{\Sigma_2} & \\ & & & & -g_2^B v_{\Sigma_2} & \frac{g_2^B}{\sqrt{2}} v_d & -\frac{g_2^B}{\sqrt{2}} v_u \\ & & & & -\lambda_S v_S & & \\ & & & & & & -\mu \end{array} \right]$$

$$M_{\chi^0}^T = M_{\chi^0}$$

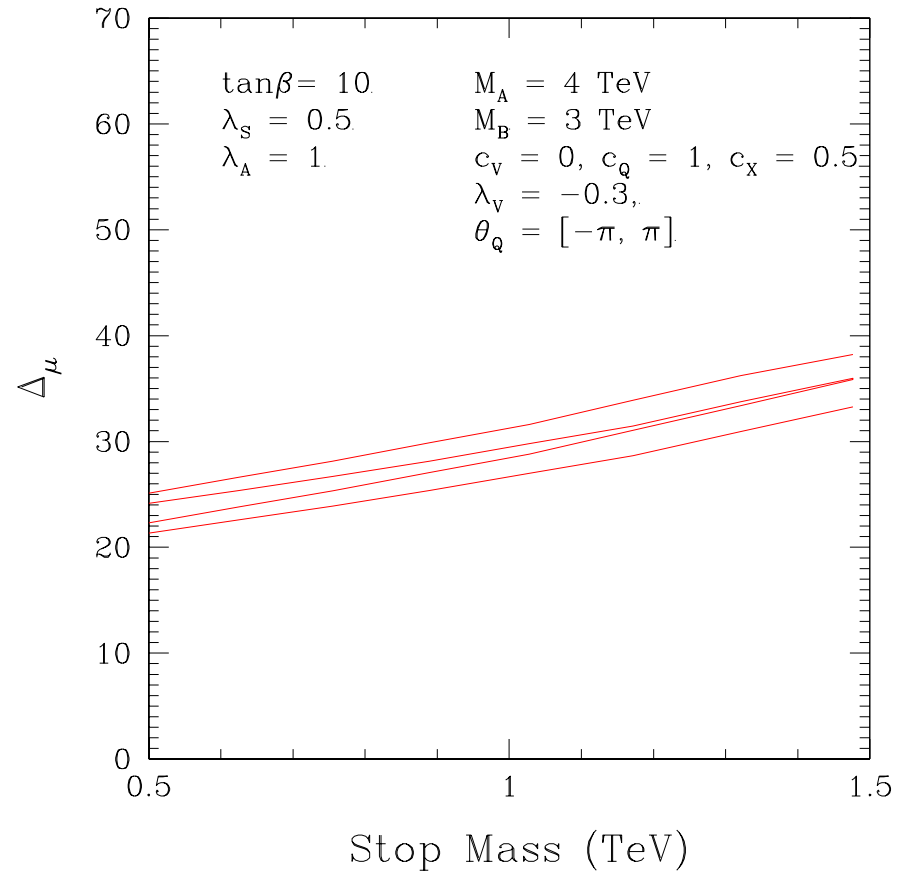
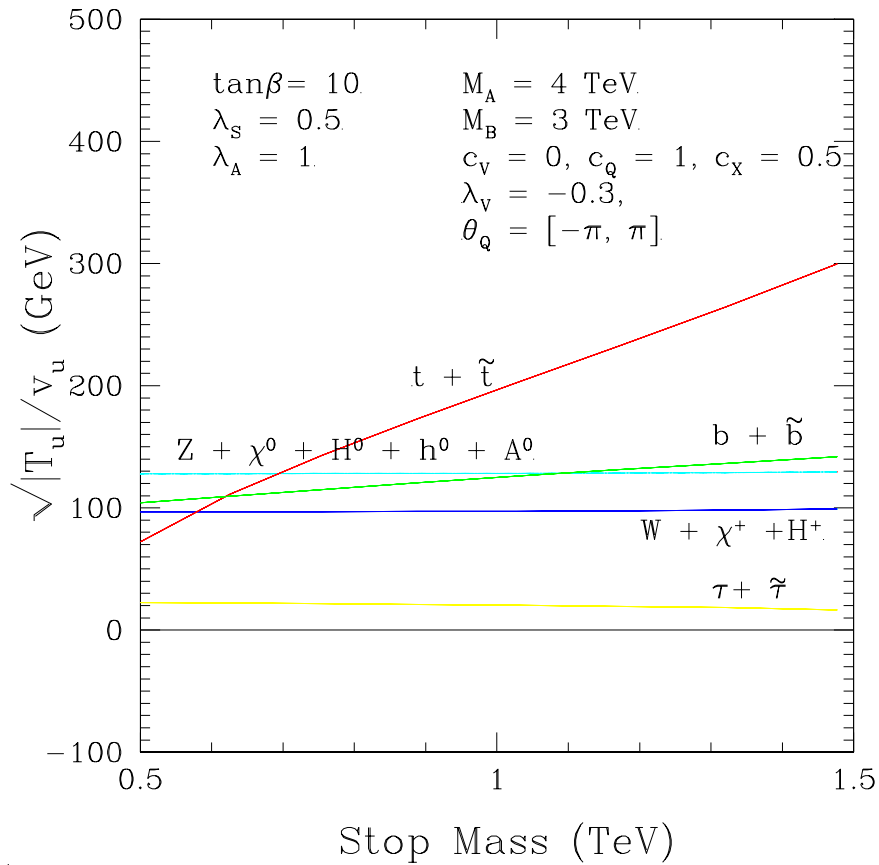
EW symmetry breaking (1-loop)



Gaugino mass and tadpole



Stop mass and tadpole



Summary

- We analysed a model with a **natural SUSY little hierarchy** combining **the quiver supersymmetric SM** and **sliding 3rd generation**.
- We can obtain **required bifundamental vevs** with a **relatively simple superpotential**.
- **Landau poles** and **non-holomorphic mixing** due to SUSY breaking appears to be **obstacles to lift the stop mass to multi-TeV**.
- **Tadpoles** due to **the multi-TeV gaugino** are small.
- **Tadpoles** due to **the stop** dominate the cause of fine-tuning ($< \sim 3-5\%$), **a factor improvement** could have a strong impact.

Thank You