PROBING EXTREMELY WEAKLY COUPLED DARK MATTER WITH GWS

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MECHANISMS OF DARK MATTER PRODUCTION

- Freeze-out: Dark Matter couplings to thermal bath are large enough to maintain early time thermal equilibrium.
- Freeze-in: feebly coupled Dark Matter. No equilibrium at any time. Out-of-equilibrium scatterings of particles in the primordial plasma into DM particles are sufficient to populate DM phase space.

McDonald'02, Hall et al'10

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In the present talk: Dark Matter production through inverse phase transition. Couplings are so weak that out-of-equilibrium scatterings are insufficient (beyond freeze-in).

Earlier discussions of inverse phase transitions: S. Weinberg'74, Dodelson and Widrow'90.

SCALAR PORTAL COUPLING

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{(\partial_{\mu}\chi)^2}{2} - \frac{\mathsf{M}^2 \cdot \chi^2}{2} - \frac{\lambda \cdot \chi^4}{4} + \frac{\mathsf{g}^2 \chi^2 \phi^{\dagger} \phi}{2} \ .$$

 χ is Dark Matter field Z₂-symmetry protects stability

Assume that ϕ is in thermal equilibrium with hot plasma. Could be Higgs field.

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■
$$|g^2| \simeq 0.1 - 10^{-8} \Longrightarrow$$
 freeze-out

 $|g^2| \simeq 10^{-11} \Longrightarrow \text{freeze-in}$

Chu, Hambye, Tytgat'11, Yaguna'11, Lebedev and Toma'19

• $0 < g^2 \lesssim 10^{-11} \Longrightarrow$ second order inverse phase transition

IS THERE A LIFE BEYOND FREEZE-IN?



S. R., Babichev, Gorbunov, Vikman'21

$$\langle \phi^{\dagger} \phi \rangle_{T} = rac{NT^{2}}{12}$$
 $V_{eff} = rac{M^{2} \cdot \chi^{2}}{2} + rac{\lambda \cdot \chi^{4}}{4} - rac{Ng^{2}T^{2}\chi^{2}}{24}$

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$$T^2(t) \propto rac{1}{a^2(t)}$$

Large T at early times \implies spontaneous breaking of Z_2 -symmetry

$$\langle \chi \rangle = \sqrt{\frac{\mathrm{N}g^{2}\mathrm{T}^{2}}{\mathrm{12}\lambda} - \frac{\mathrm{M}^{2}}{\lambda}}$$

 $g^2 T^2 \ll M^2$ at late times \Longrightarrow symmetry is restored $\langle \chi
angle = 0$



$$rac{d\langle\chi
angle}{dt} \propto rac{1}{\sqrt{Ng^2T^2/12-M^2}} o \infty \qquad {
m as} \qquad rac{Ng^2T^2}{12} o M^2$$

The field χ stops to track the minimum $\langle \chi \rangle !!!$



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NB Similar to misalignment mechanism in case of axions.

Axions are offset from zero because they are massless (prior to phase transition).

In our case: the offset is due to the temperature-dependent tachyonic mass.



Dark Matter abundance is fulfilled provided that

$$M \simeq 15 \text{ eV} \cdot rac{eta^{3/5}}{\sqrt{N}} \cdot \left(rac{g}{10^{-8}}
ight)^{7/5} \qquad eta \equiv rac{\lambda}{g^4}$$

Practically infinite capacity of decreasing g: only for $g \lesssim 10^{-20}$, one has $T_* \lesssim 10$ keV.

IS THERE A LIFE BEYOND FREEZE-IN?



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Spontaneous breaking of Z_2 -symmetry \implies domain wall formation in the early Universe.



$$|M_{eff}| = \frac{N^{1/2}gT_i}{\sqrt{12}} \simeq H(T_i) \Longrightarrow T_i \simeq \sqrt{\frac{100}{g_*(T_i)}} \cdot \frac{N^{1/2}gM_{Pl}}{10}$$

Domain walls are harmless, because their tension decreases as the cube of the temperature.

 $\sigma_{wall} \propto \sqrt{\lambda} \langle \chi
angle^3 \propto T^3$

$$ho_{wall} \simeq \sigma_{wall} H \propto T^5 \qquad rac{
ho_{wall}}{
ho_{rad}} \propto T(t) \propto rac{1}{a(t)}$$

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Domain walls vanish completely at the inverse phase transition. **NB** Constant tension domain walls: $\rho_{wall} \simeq \sigma_{wall} H \propto T^2$

$$rac{
ho_{wall}}{
ho_{rad}} \propto rac{1}{T^2(t)} \propto a^2(t)$$

MORE WEAKLY COUPLED MEANS MORE VISIBLE!

Domain walls emit gravitational waves! See the analysis in Hiramatsu, Kawasaki, Saikawa'2013

$$ho_{gw} \simeq rac{\sigma^2_{wall}(t)}{M^2_{Pl}} \qquad F_{gw,peak} \simeq H(t)$$

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$$ho_{gw} \simeq rac{\sigma_{wall}^2(t)}{M_{Pl}^2} \qquad F_{gw,peak} \simeq H(t)$$
 $f_{gw,peak} \simeq 60 \; \mathrm{Hz} \cdot N^{1/2} \cdot \left(rac{g}{10^{-8}}
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$$\begin{split} \rho_{gw} \simeq \frac{\sigma_{wall}^2(t)}{M_{Pl}^2} & F_{gw,peak} \simeq H(t) \\ f_{gw,peak} \simeq 60 \; \text{Hz} \cdot N^{1/2} \cdot \left(\frac{g}{10^{-8}}\right) \\ \Omega_{gw,peak} \cdot h^2(t_0) \approx \frac{4 \cdot 10^{-14} \cdot N^4}{\beta^2} \\ & \text{Vanilla region:} \\ \beta \equiv \frac{\lambda}{q^4} \simeq 1 \qquad N \gg 1 \end{split}$$

GRAVITATIONAL WAVES



gwplotter.com Moore, Cole, and Berry'14

Melting cosmic strings

 Z_2 -symmetry $\rightarrow U(1)$ -symmetry

$$\mathcal{L} = -rac{1}{4}F_{\mu
u}^2 + |\mathcal{D}_{\mu}\chi|^2 - M^2 \cdot |\chi|^2 - rac{1}{4}\lambda \cdot |\chi|^4 + rac{1}{2}g^2|\chi|^2|\phi|^2 \; .$$

 $\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Melting domain walls} \rightarrow \mbox{melting cosmic strings} \\ \mbox{Emond, S. R., Samanta'21} \end{array}$

 $\mu\propto \langle \chi \rangle^{\rm 2}\propto {\rm T^2}$

Existing limits on Gµ assuming constant string tension µ are not applicable!!
Main phenomenology is due to GWs.

GWs emitted by the loops are defined by the number density of the string loops.

Approximate scale-invariance of the model

dynamics of melting cosmic strings in the radiation-dominated Universe is equivalent to the dynamics of cosmic strings with a constant tension in the flat spacetime.

Vanchurin, Olum, Vilenkin'05

Number density of loops in the flat spacetime:

$$n(t,l) = \frac{1}{l^4} \int_{l/t}^{l/t_s} dx' x'^3 f(x')$$

In the one-scale approach Kibble'85

$$f(\mathbf{x}) = \mathsf{C}\delta\left(\mathbf{x} - lpha
ight)$$
 $\mathsf{C} pprox 150$ $lpha pprox 0.1$

$$\mathsf{P}_{gw}^{(j)}(l,F) \approx \frac{\mathsf{\Gamma} \mathsf{G} \mu^2(t)}{\zeta\left(\frac{4}{3},\infty\right)} \cdot \frac{1}{j^{4/3}} \cdot \delta\left(F - \frac{2j}{l(t)}\right)$$

Vachaspati and Vilenkin'84

One can define
$$\Omega_{gw}h_0^2$$

GRAVITATIONAL WAVES FROM MELTING COSMIC STRINGS

Low-frequency range: $\Omega_{gw} \cdot h_0^2 \propto f^4 = f_{gw,peak} \propto g$



High frequency range: $\Omega_{gw} \cdot h_0^2 \propto f^{-1/3}$

DM production at inverse phase transition is generic.

$$V_{eff} = rac{M^2 |\chi|^2}{2} + rac{\lambda |\chi|^4}{4} - rac{\mu^2(t) |\chi|^2}{2}$$
 $\mu^2(t) \propto rac{1}{a^n(t)} \qquad \mu^2(t) \propto T^2(t), R, \mathbf{B}^2 \dots$

E. Babichev, D. Gorbunov, S. R.'20 S. R., F. Urban, A. Vikman'20

We deal with the class of models.

- Thermal fluctuations of hot primordial plasma can lead to abundant Dark Matter production even for extremely weak coupling constants $g^2 \ll 10^{-11}$.
- Weak couplings can be tested through GWs emitted by domain walls or cosmic strings. The peak frequency is pinned to the constant g, i.e., $f_{gw} \propto g$.
- Domain walls are melting and do not overclose the Universe.
- Spectrum of GWs has been estimated for the case of melting cosmic strings.

Thanks for listening!!! $Ev\chi\alpha\rho\iota\sigma\tau\omega$