

S-matrix constraints on  
landscape, and naturalness

Gia Dvali

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LMU - MPI

de Sitter:

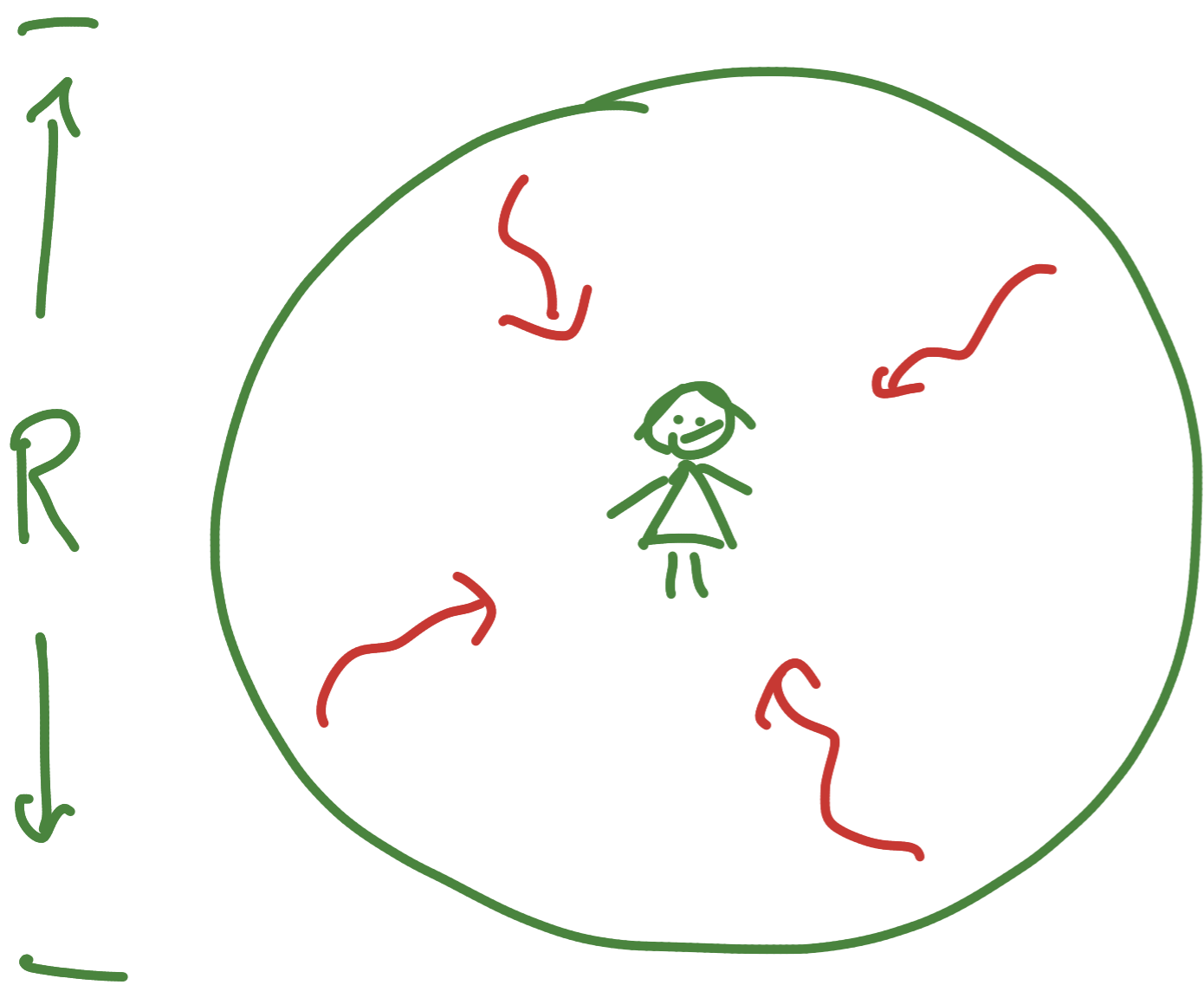
$$ds^2 = dt^2 - a^2(t) d\vec{x}^2$$

↙ scale factor

$$a(t) \propto e^{\frac{t}{R}}$$

↖ cosmological constant

$$\frac{1}{R^2} = \frac{\Lambda}{M_{\text{Pl}}^2}$$



Gibbons-Hawking temperature:

$$T_{\text{GH}} = \frac{1}{R}$$

and entropy:

$$S_{\text{GH}} = (RM_{\text{Pl}})^2$$

de Sitter-like states play  
important role in cosmology:

⊛ We come from there (inflation)

and

⊛ We are re-entering  
(are we?)

⊛ Why is  $\Lambda$  so small?

$$\Lambda < 10^{-124} M_{\text{Pl}}^4$$

Cosmological constant puzzle.

Cosmological constant puzzle:

$\Lambda$  is UV-sensitive

$$\delta\Lambda = \text{[diagram 1]} + \text{[diagram 2]} + \dots$$

Naive expectation:

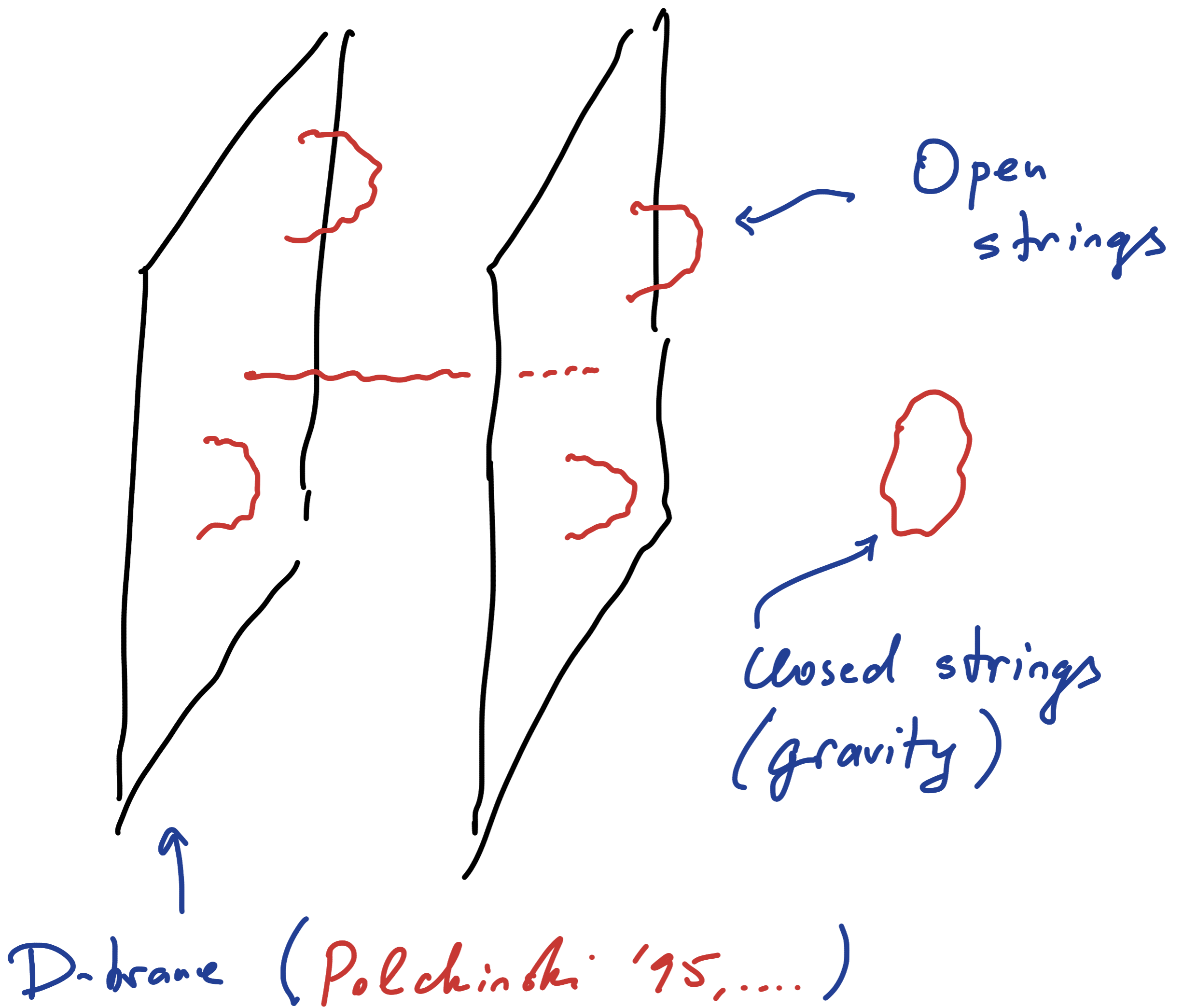
$$\Lambda \sim M_{UV}^4$$

Usually viewed as naturalness puzzle.

None of the offered solutions worked,  
but there is a side of the story  
that lead to a temporary "settlement"  
(to be discussed later).

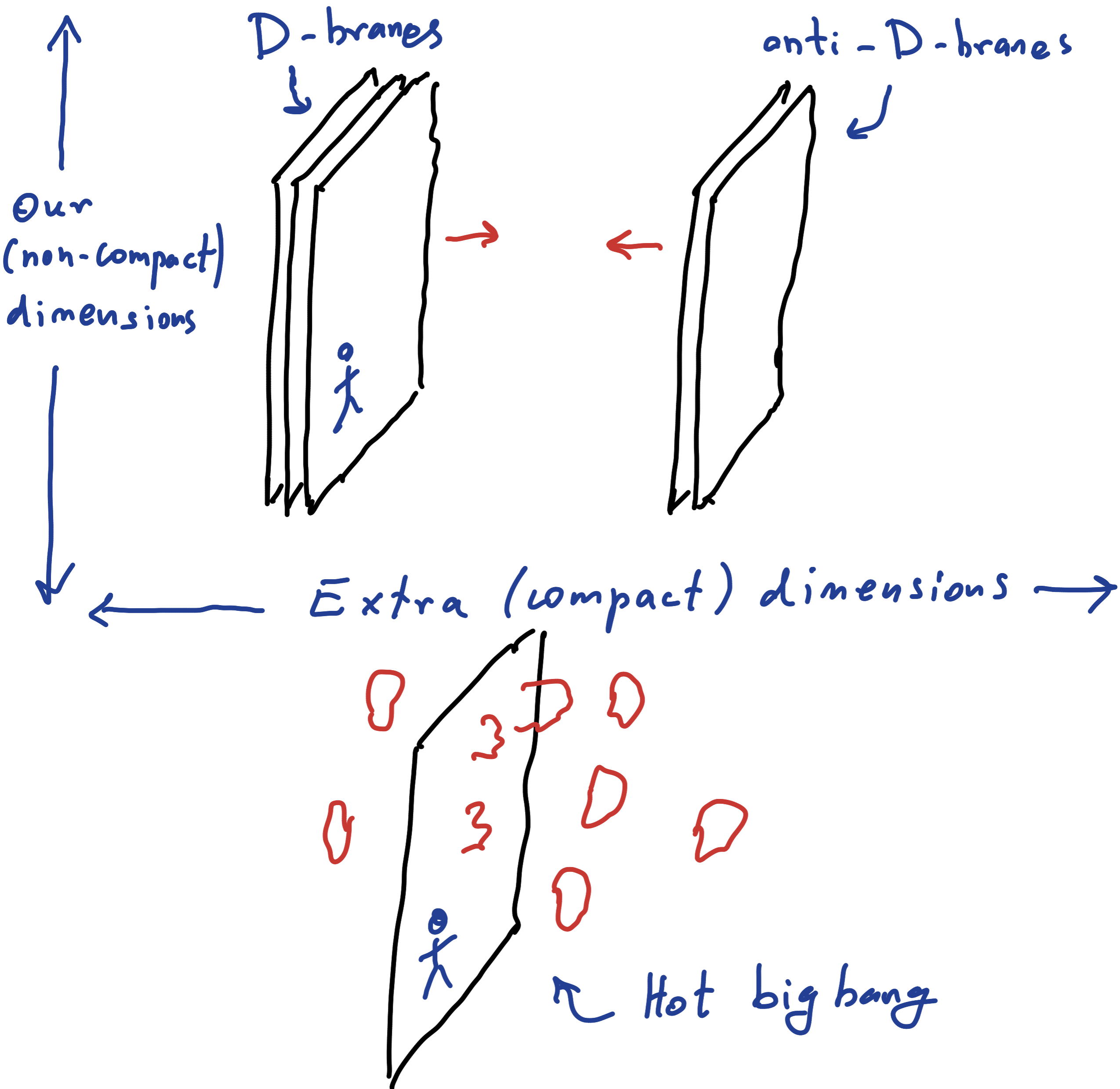
How can we get a de Sitter-like state in string theory?

Idea of D-brane uplifting  
G.D., Tye '98



# D-brane inflation:

We create non-BPS D-brane configuration and let it go



Despite many attempts

G.D., Tye '98;

G.D.; '99

G.D., Shafi, Solganic '01

Burgess, Majumdar, Nottle,

Quevedo, Rajesh, Zhang '01

Kachru et al '03

+ Maldacena, Mc Allister '03

.....

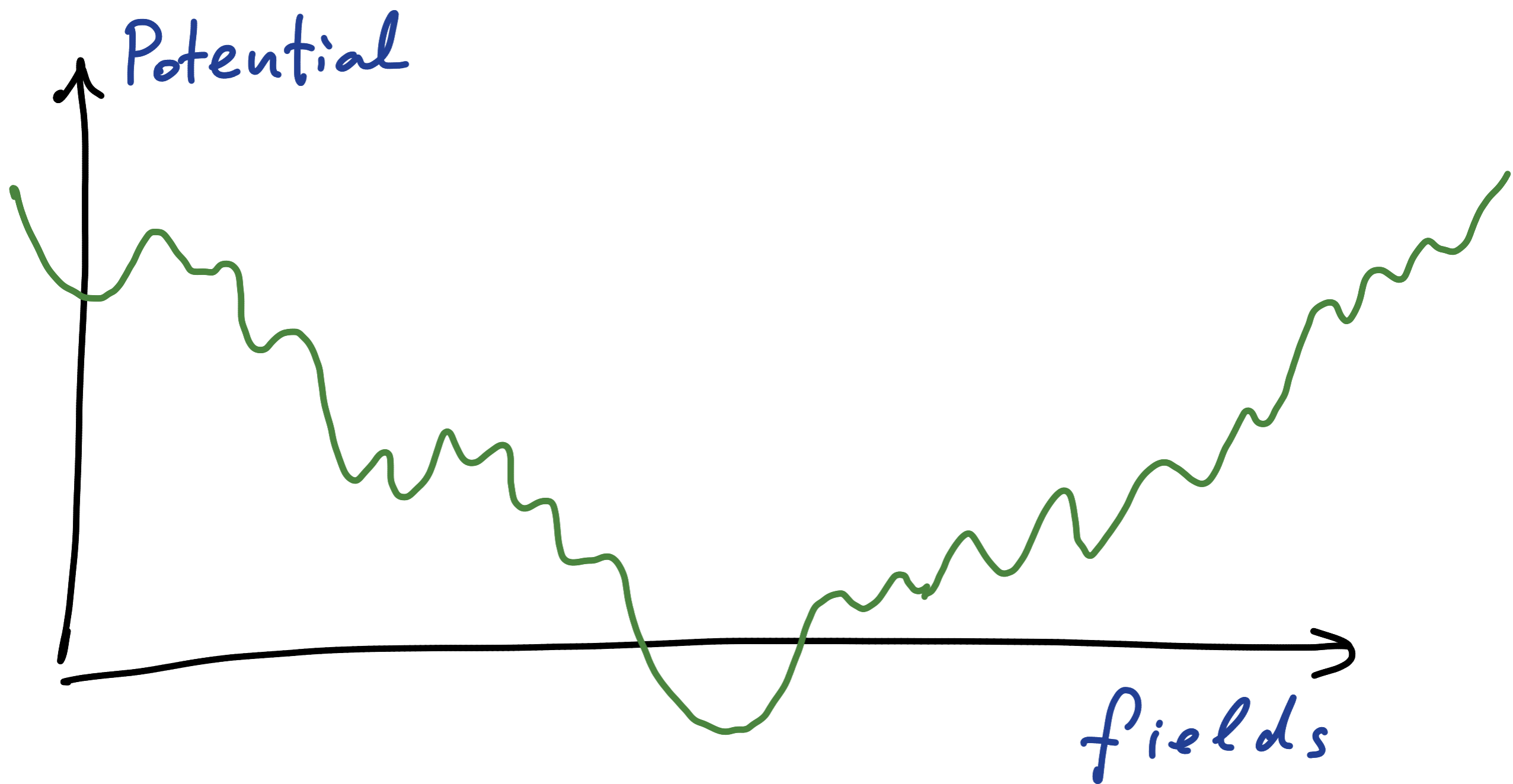
I am not aware of any

meta-stabilization

(for a good reason)

Often assumed picture:

Plentitude of de Sitter vacua  
on string landscape



Naturalness can be replaced  
by Anthropic selection



de Sitter landscape would open a way for anthropic selection.

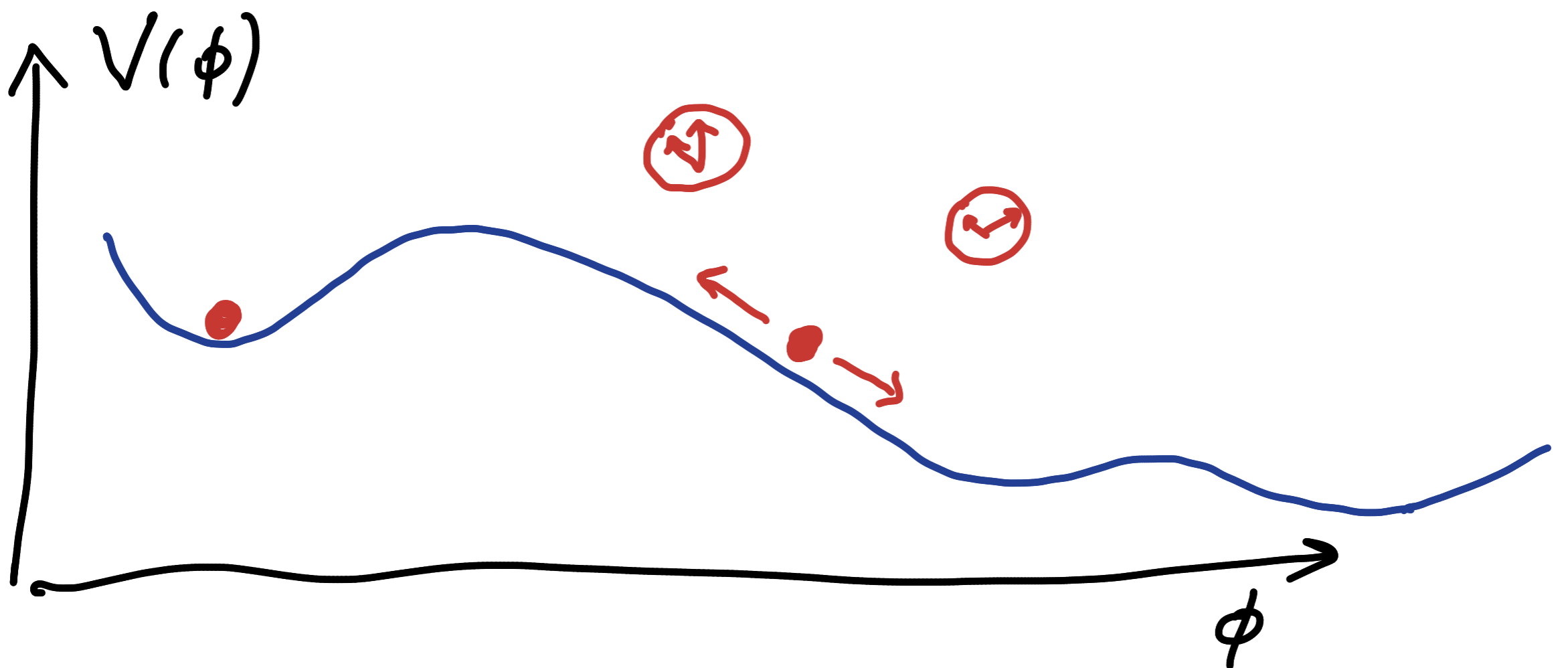
Carter '74; Carr, Rees '79; Barrow  
Tipler '86

Weinberg '87: Small  $\Lambda$   
is required to form galaxies.

de Sitter landscape can provide  
an actualization mechanism via

eternal inflation

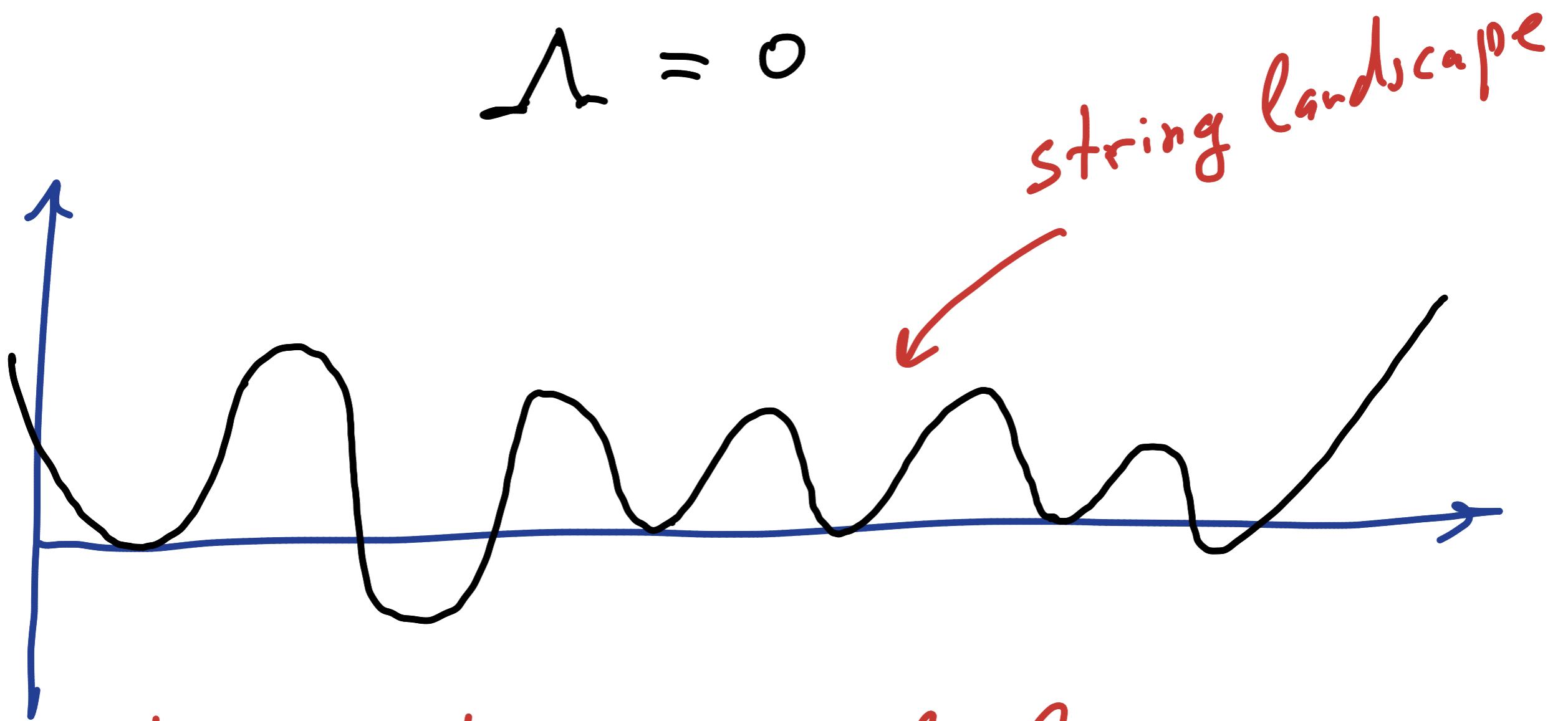
Vilenkin '83;  
Linde '86; ...



We argue that situation is exact opposite:

If there is any parameter that string theory predicts in our Universe, it is

$$\Lambda = 0$$



String theory nullifies an outstanding cosmological puzzle.

Back to naturalness.

Main message:

Quantum gravity / String theory  
excludes de Sitter "vacua",  
both stable and meta-stable

G.D., Gomez '13, '14

No de Sitter future eternity;  
No eternal inflation.

S-matrix is fundamental in this.

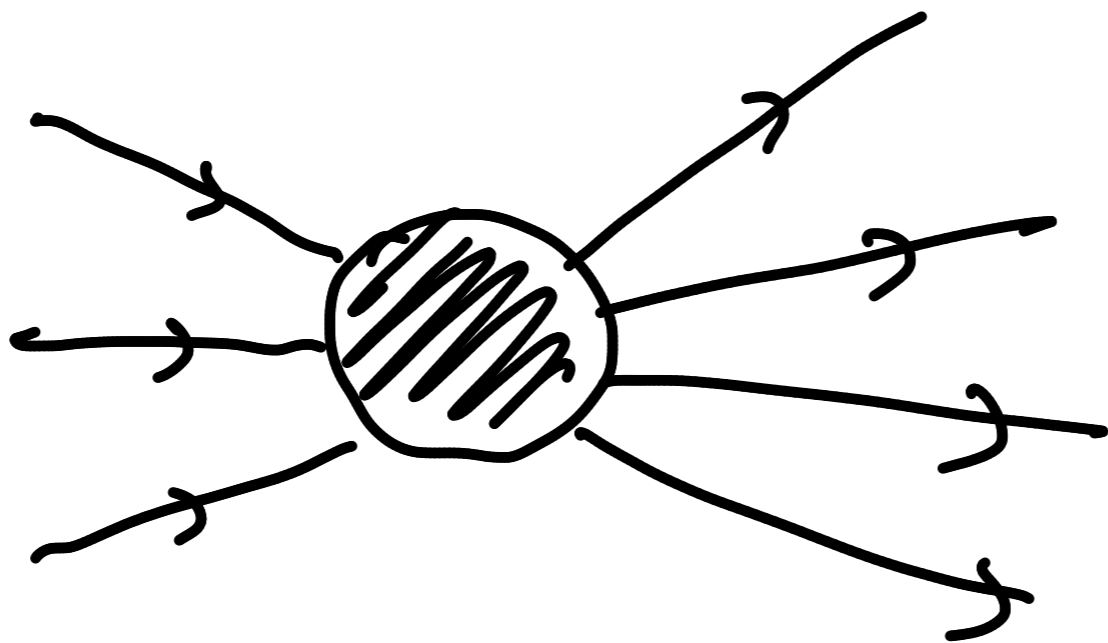
In order to explain,

we follow G.D. 2012.02133 [hep-th]

Symmetry 13 (2020) 1, 3

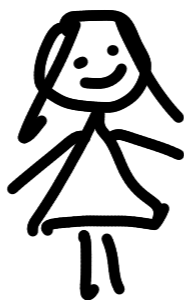
$\hat{S}$ -matrix

in  
↓  
 $|i\rangle$



out  
↓  
 $|f\rangle$

$t = -\infty$



$t = +\infty$



$t$

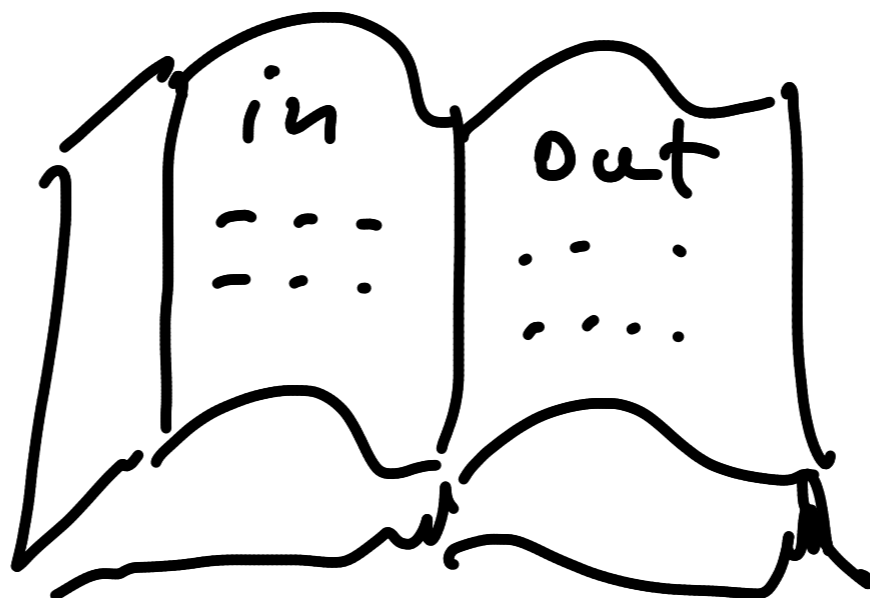


external  
clock

external observer, Alice

$$S_{if} = \langle i | \hat{S} | f \rangle$$

Manual:



In string theory  $S$ -matrix  
is the formulation of the theory.

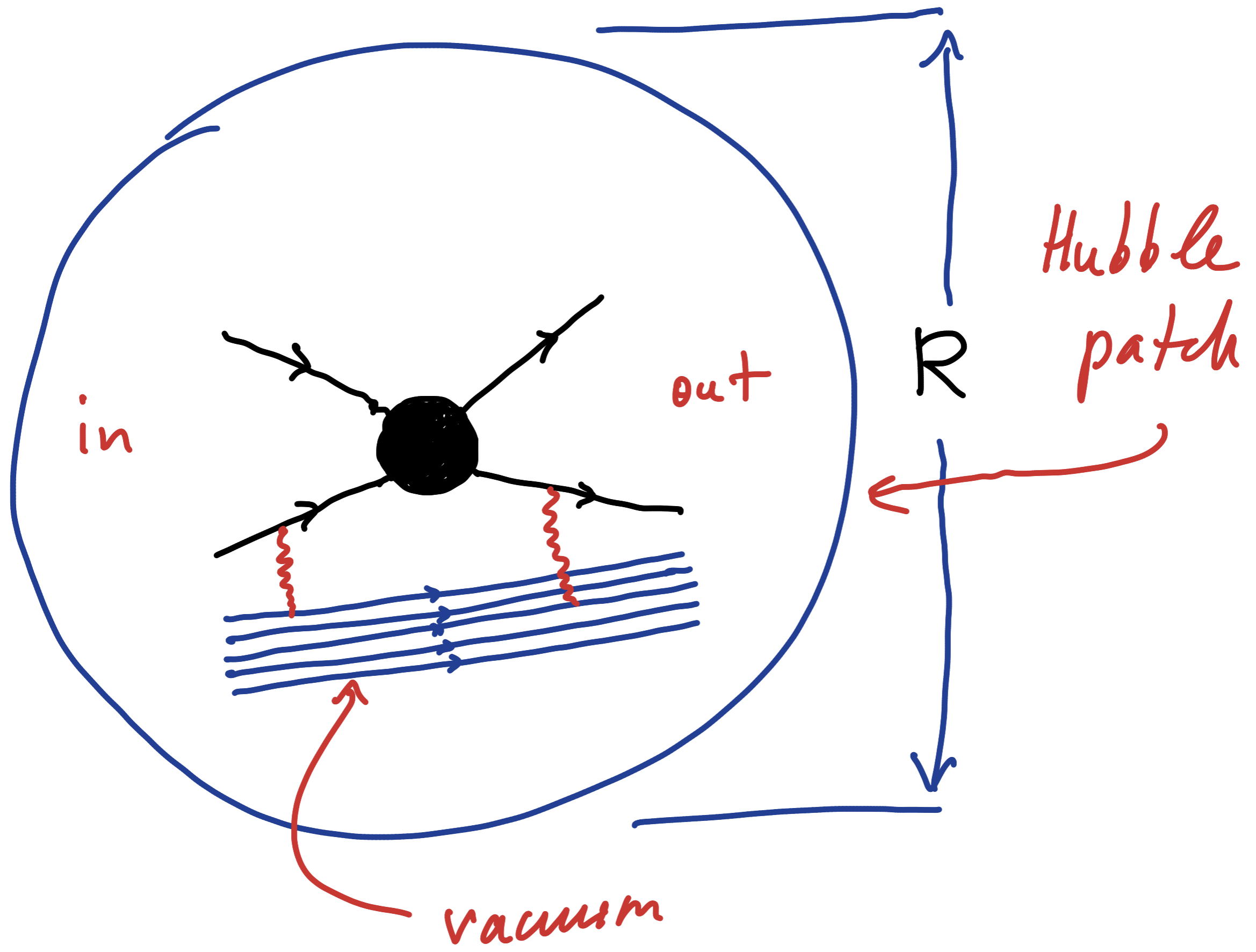
Necessary conditions:

① Globally-defined time;

↖ Absent in classical de Sitter

②  $S$ -matrix vacuum.

What about quantum theory?  
What about effective  $S$ -matrix?



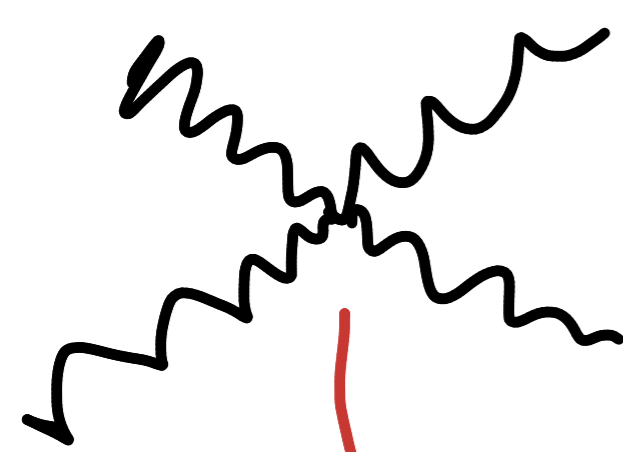
The vacuum should not be able to recoil and absorb some information.

This is only possible in double-scaling limit:

$$\Lambda \rightarrow \infty, \quad \Lambda G = \bar{R}^{-2} = \text{finite}.$$

$$G \rightarrow 0 \quad (M_p \rightarrow \infty),$$

But in the same limit graviton quantum coupling vanishes



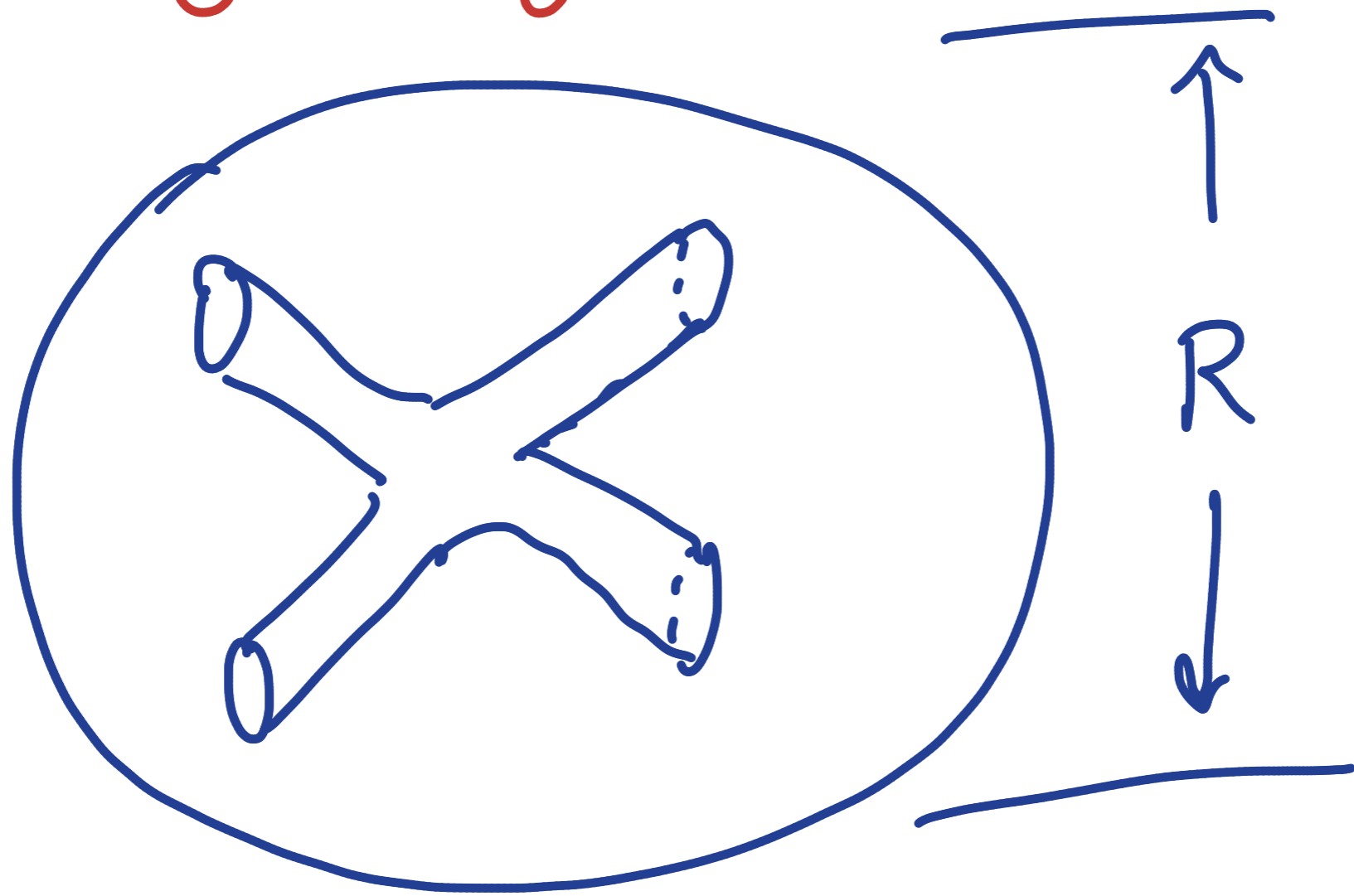
momentum-transfer

$$\alpha_{\text{gr}} = \frac{G}{\lambda^2} = \frac{q^2}{M_p^2} \rightarrow 0$$

wavelength

graviton S-matrix is trivial!

In string theory



$$R^{-2} = \Lambda G = \Lambda \frac{g_s^2}{M_s^8} = \text{finite}$$

in rigid limit:

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \Lambda \rightarrow \infty \\ G \rightarrow 0 \\ R = \text{finite} \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow g_s^2 \rightarrow 0$$

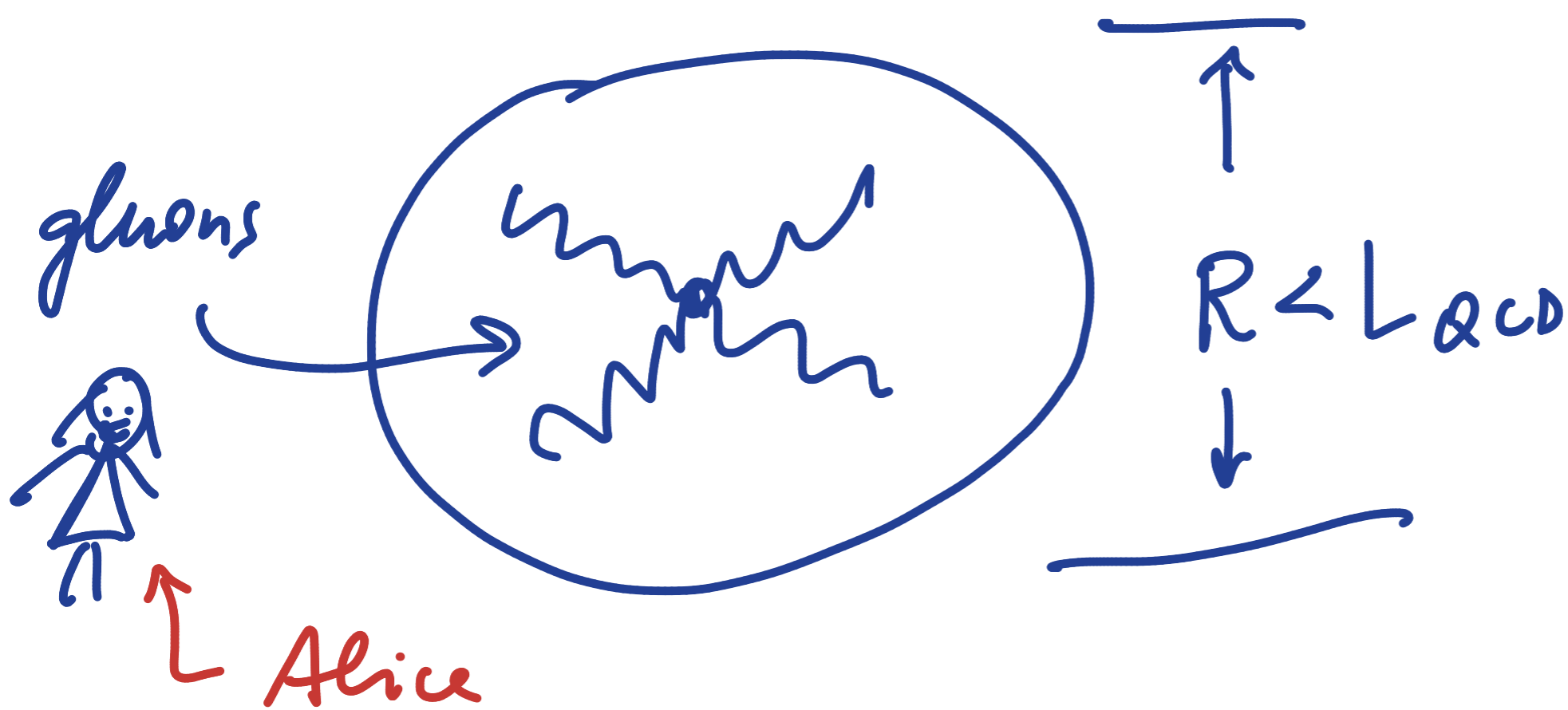
Closed string S-matrix is trivial.

(Open strings, more subtle)



Notice, there is no problem of keeping other (Wilsonian) interactions intact.

E.g. QCD



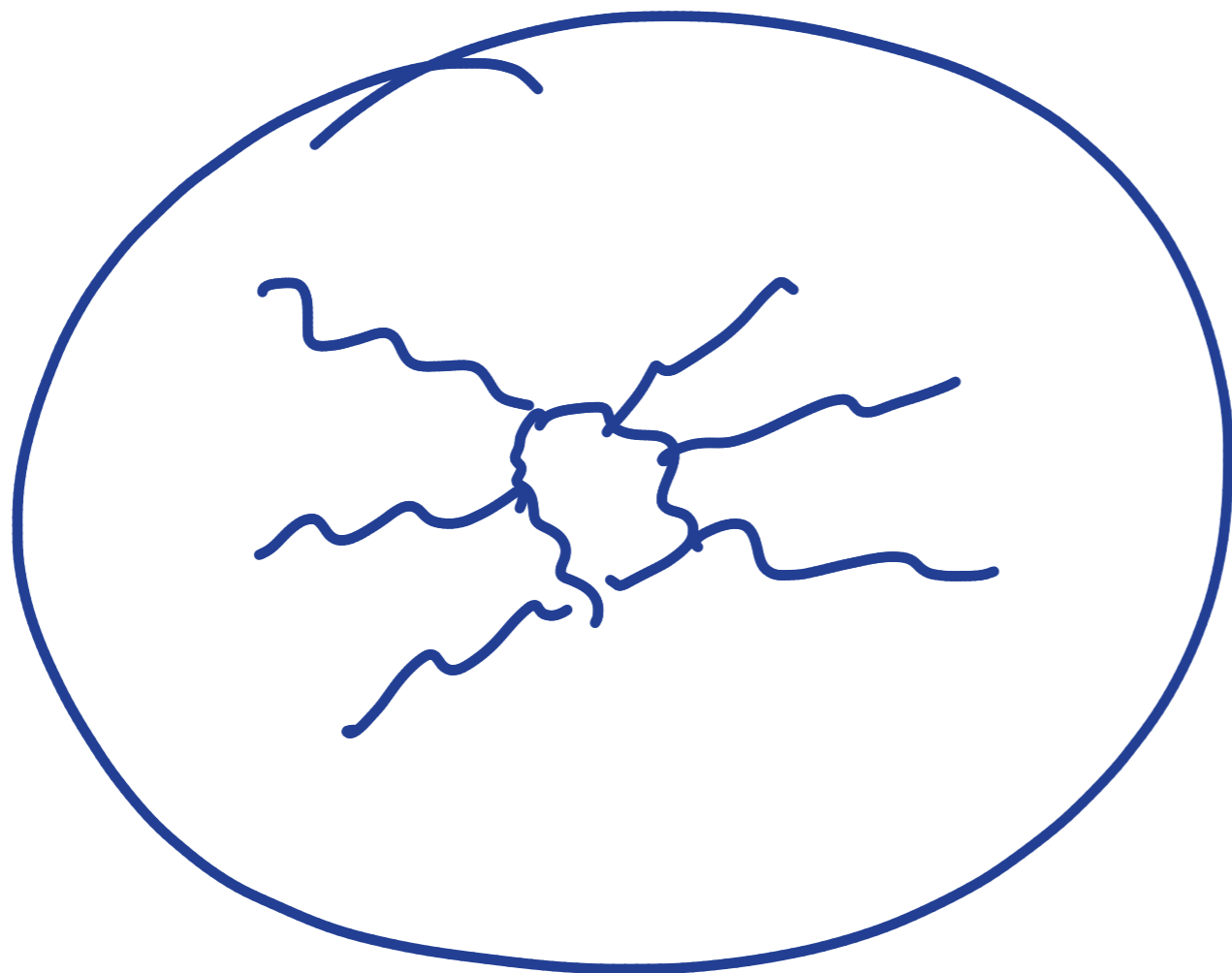
Thus, the issue is quantum gravitational.

$$(de Sitter = vacuum) \rightarrow \begin{aligned} \alpha_{gr} &= 0 \\ g_s &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

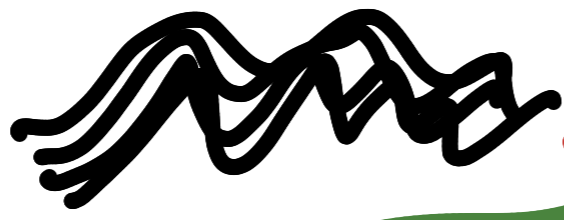
There are clear signals of  
 $S$ -matrix inconsistency already  
for finite  $M_p(G)$ .

For example, scattering of  
quanta of center of mass energy

$$E \sim M_p^2 R$$



Classical GR



background

Quantum gravity / String theory

$|0\rangle$

vacuum

Not every background of classical GR is promoted into a vacuum of QG!

How is the  $S$ -matrix constraint enforced?

Corpuscular picture of de Sitter ("N-portrait"):

G.D., Gomer '11, '13, ...

Since  $|dS\rangle \neq |\text{vacuum}\rangle$ ,  
it must be excited state  
on  $S$ -matrix vacuum (Minkowski)

$$\langle dS | \hat{T}_{\mu\nu} | dS \rangle = \mathcal{I}_{\mu\nu}$$

classical de Sitter

New concept:  
Corpuscular completion (resolution)

Very different from and insensitive  
to UV-completion.

$|dS\rangle \rightarrow |N\rangle$   $\leftarrow$  coherent state  
on Minkowski

Universal relations:

Number of constituents  $N = \frac{1}{\alpha_{gr}}$

Their frequencies  $\frac{1}{R}$  and  $\frac{1}{RN}$

$$N = \frac{1}{\alpha_{gr}} = S = (M_p R)^2$$

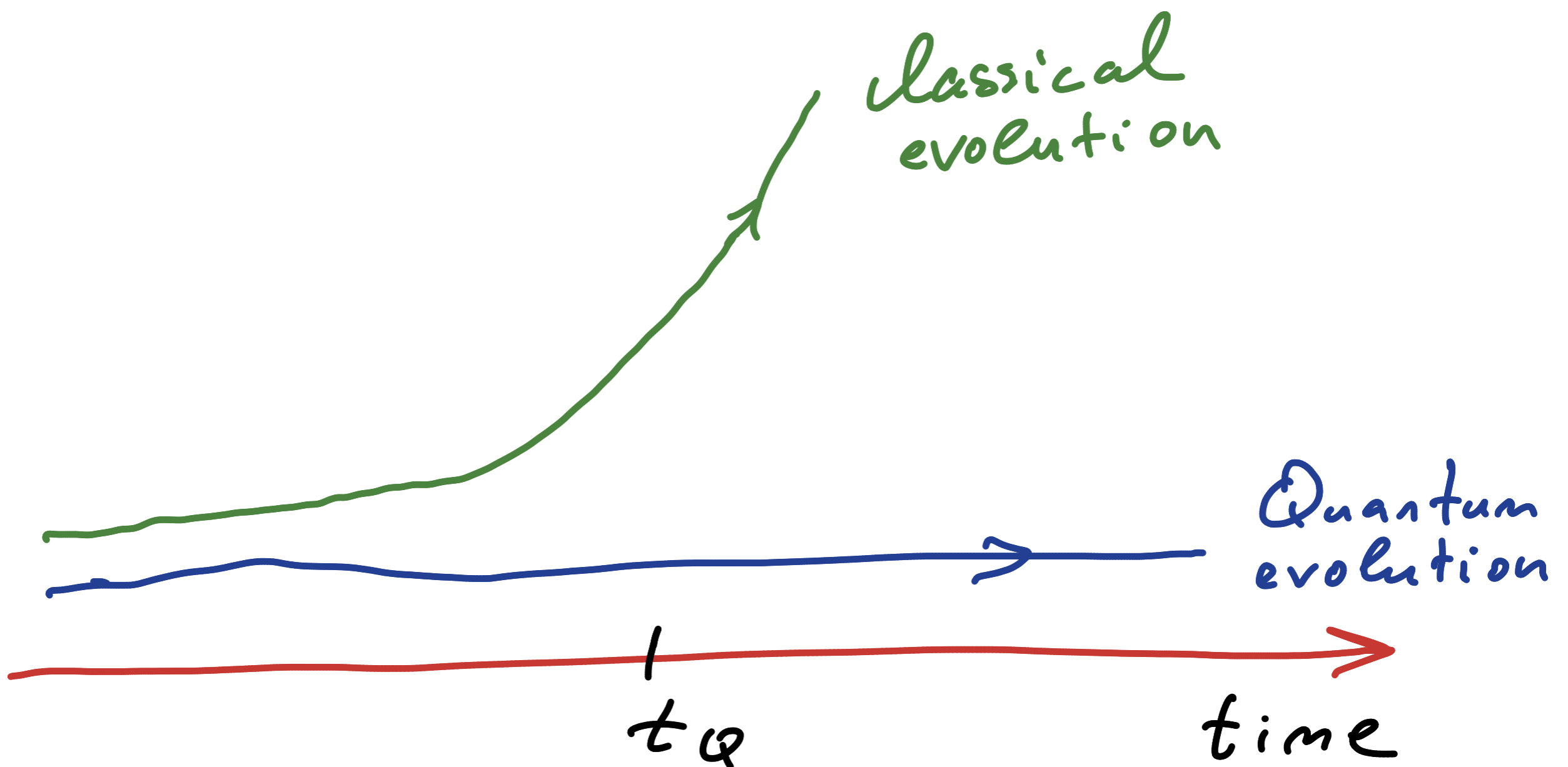
de Sitter is a "Saturn"!

Corpuscular  $\frac{1}{N}$  - effects lead to  
anomalous quantum break-time

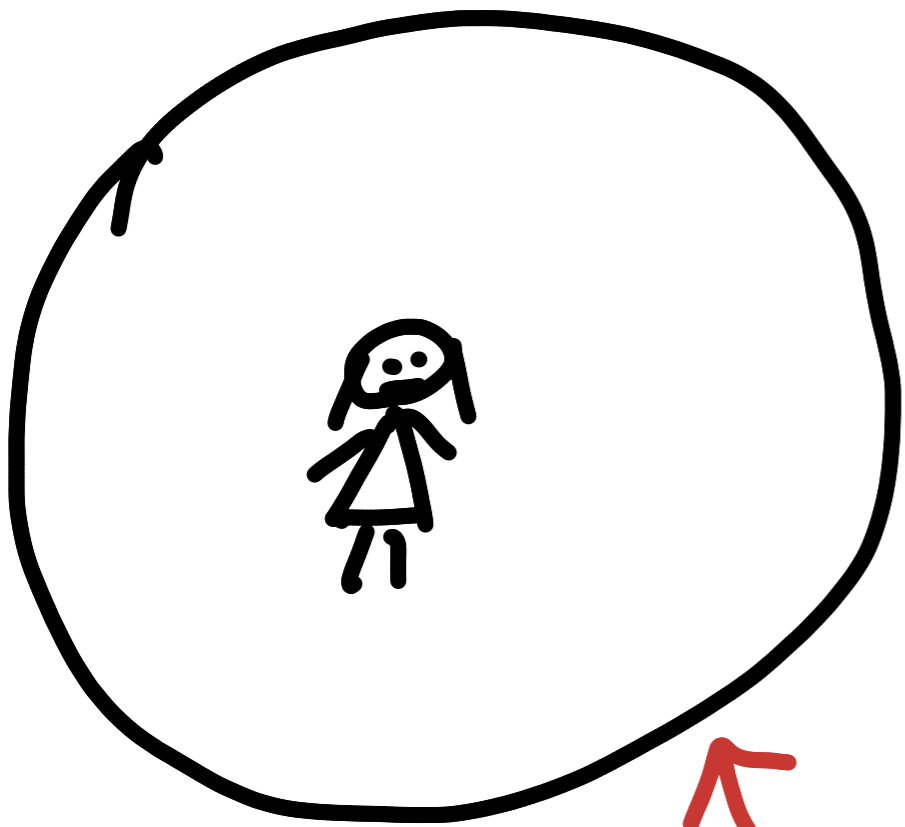
G. D., Gomez '13, '14 + Zell '17;  
G.D., '20

$$t_Q = \frac{R^3 M_P^2}{N_{\text{Species}}}$$

← Number of species



$t = 0$



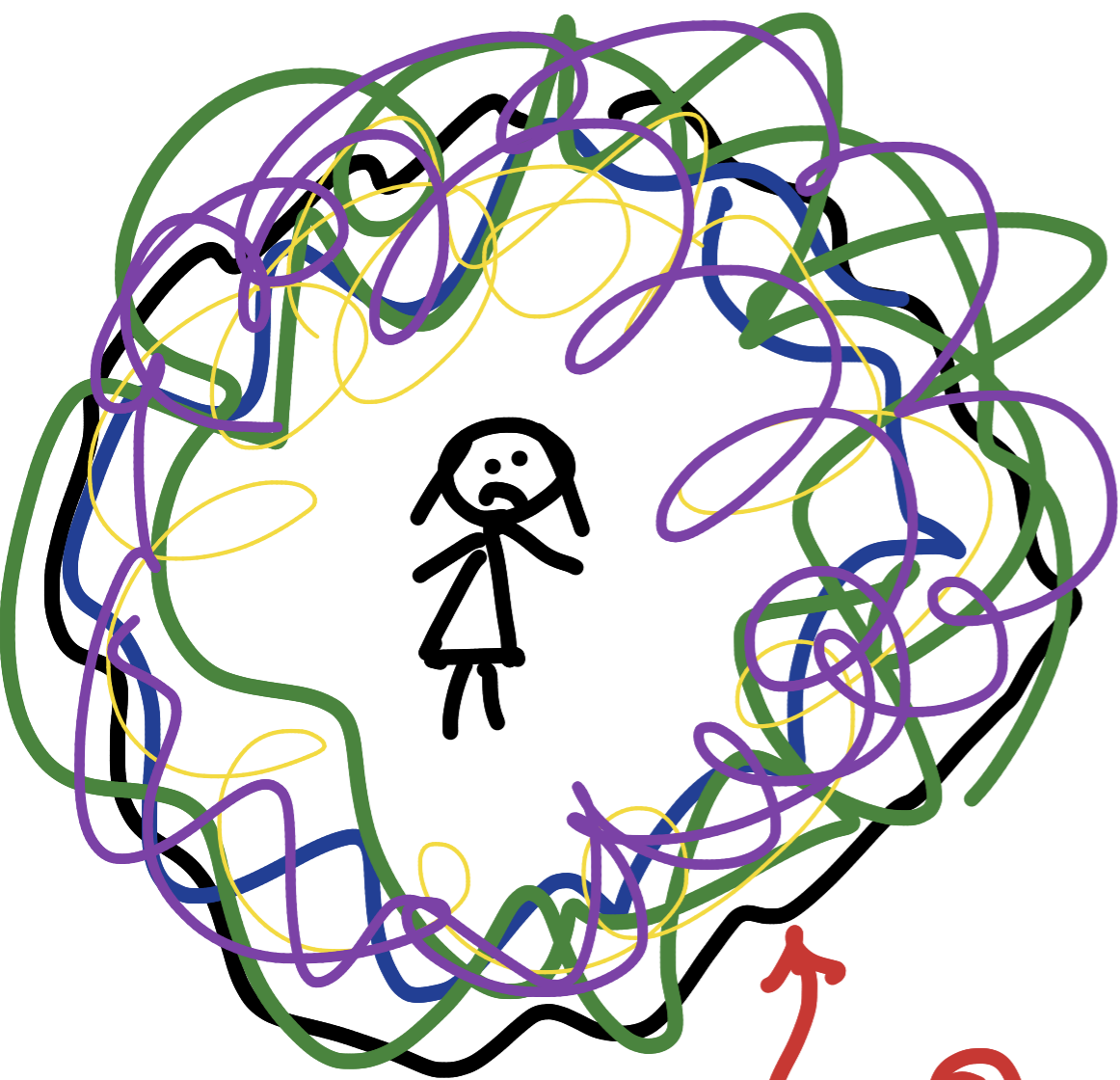
Classical



$$t = t_Q = \frac{R^3 M_P^2}{N_{sp}}$$



Classical



Quantum!

$t_Q$  is much shorter for

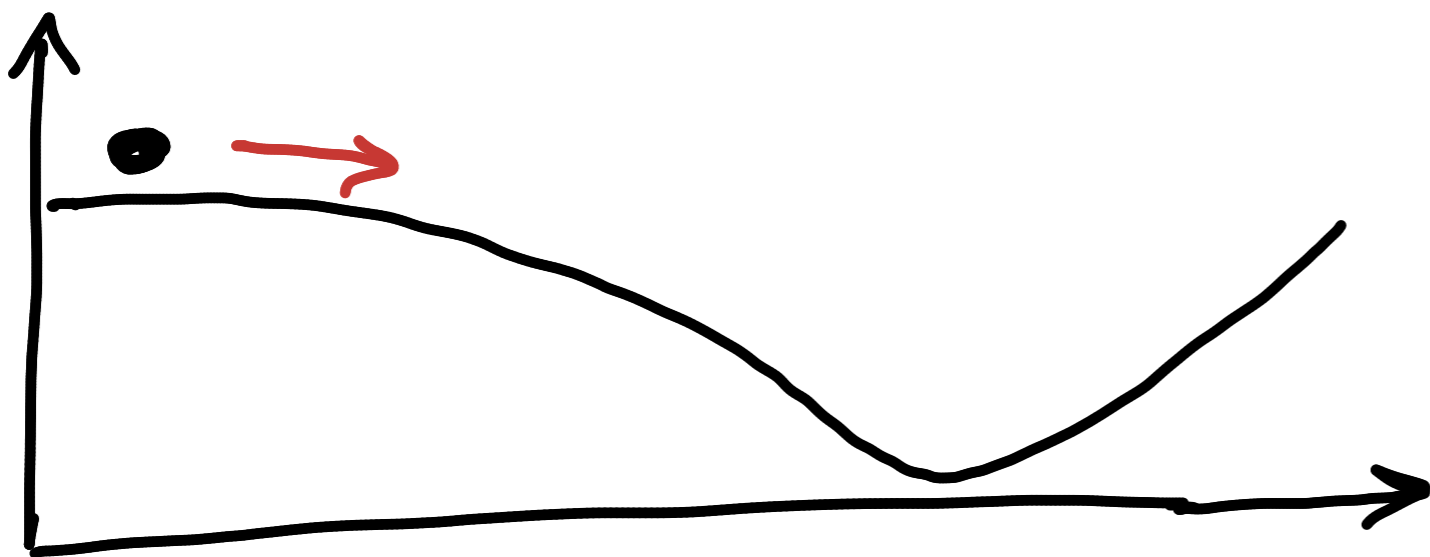
Lyapunov instability

G.P., Flassig, Gomez, Pritzel, Wintergerst '13

$$t_Q = t_{\text{Lyapunov}} \ln(N)$$

Lyapunov quantum break-time  
for (inflationary) de Sitter

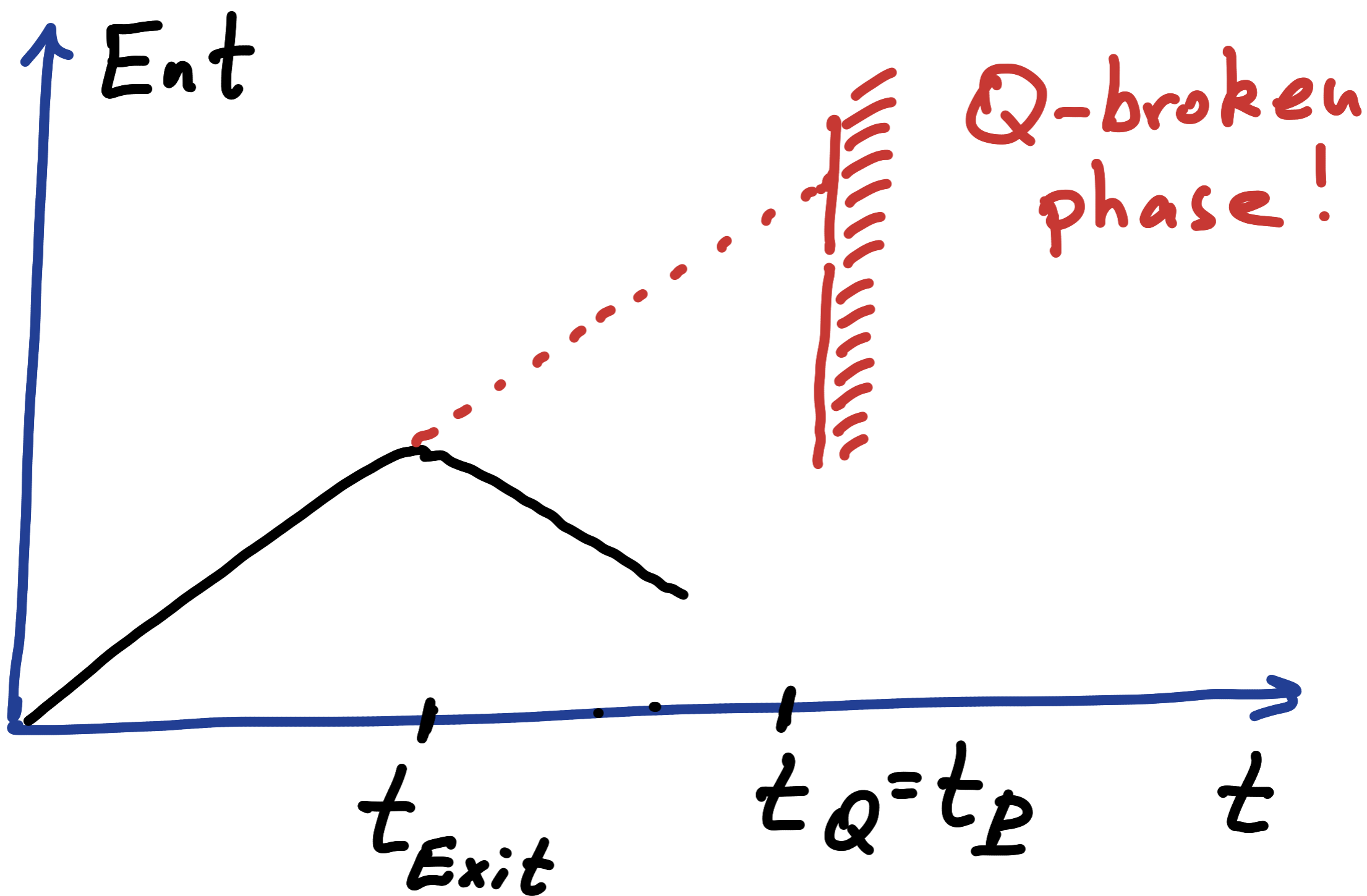
G.D., Gomez '13



$$t_Q \sim R \ln(\mathcal{S}_{\text{GH}}^d)$$



de Sitter cannot exist  
for  $t > t_Q$

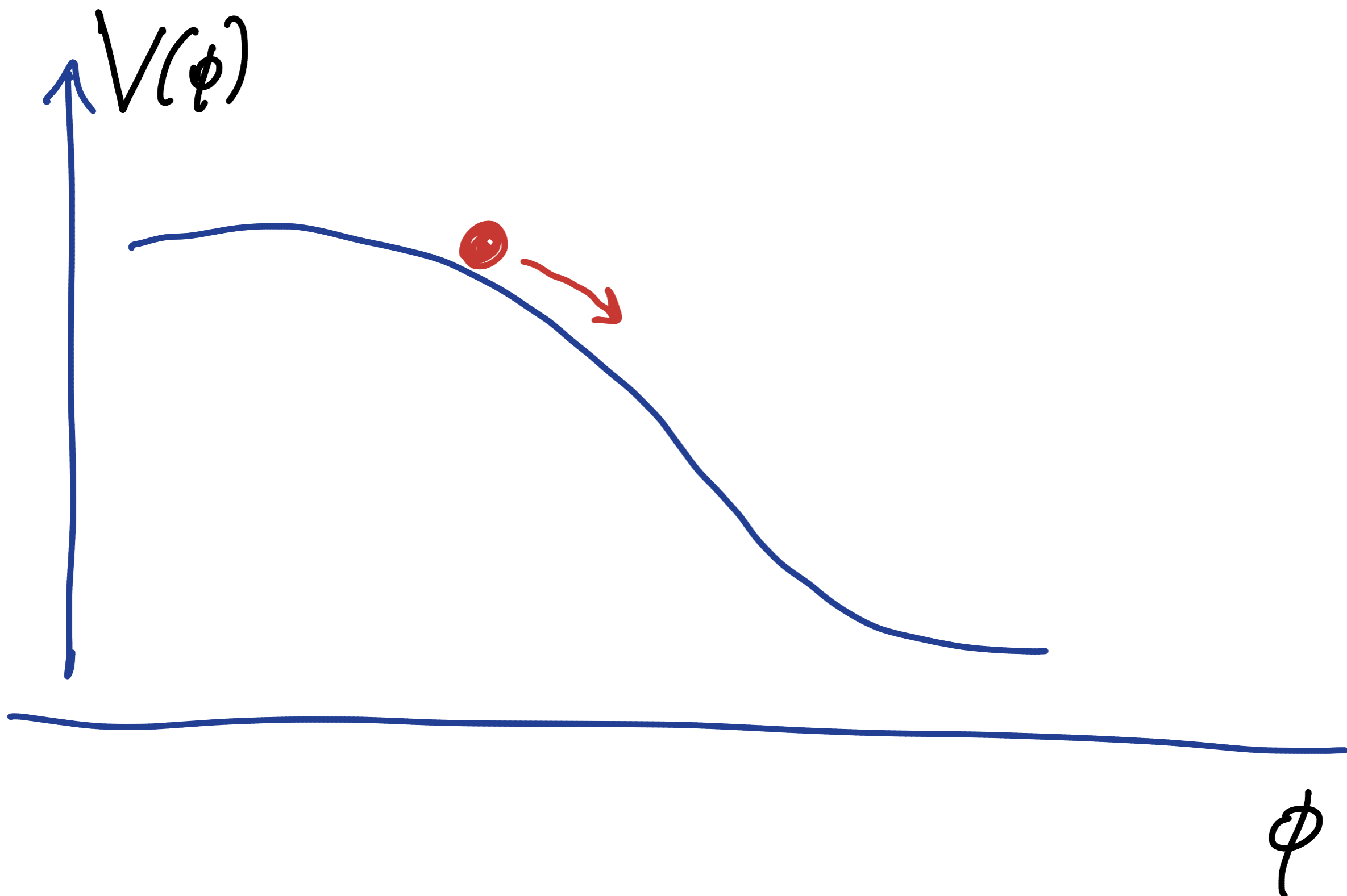


Graceful exit must take  
place for

$$t_{Exit} \leq t_Q$$

Universal bound

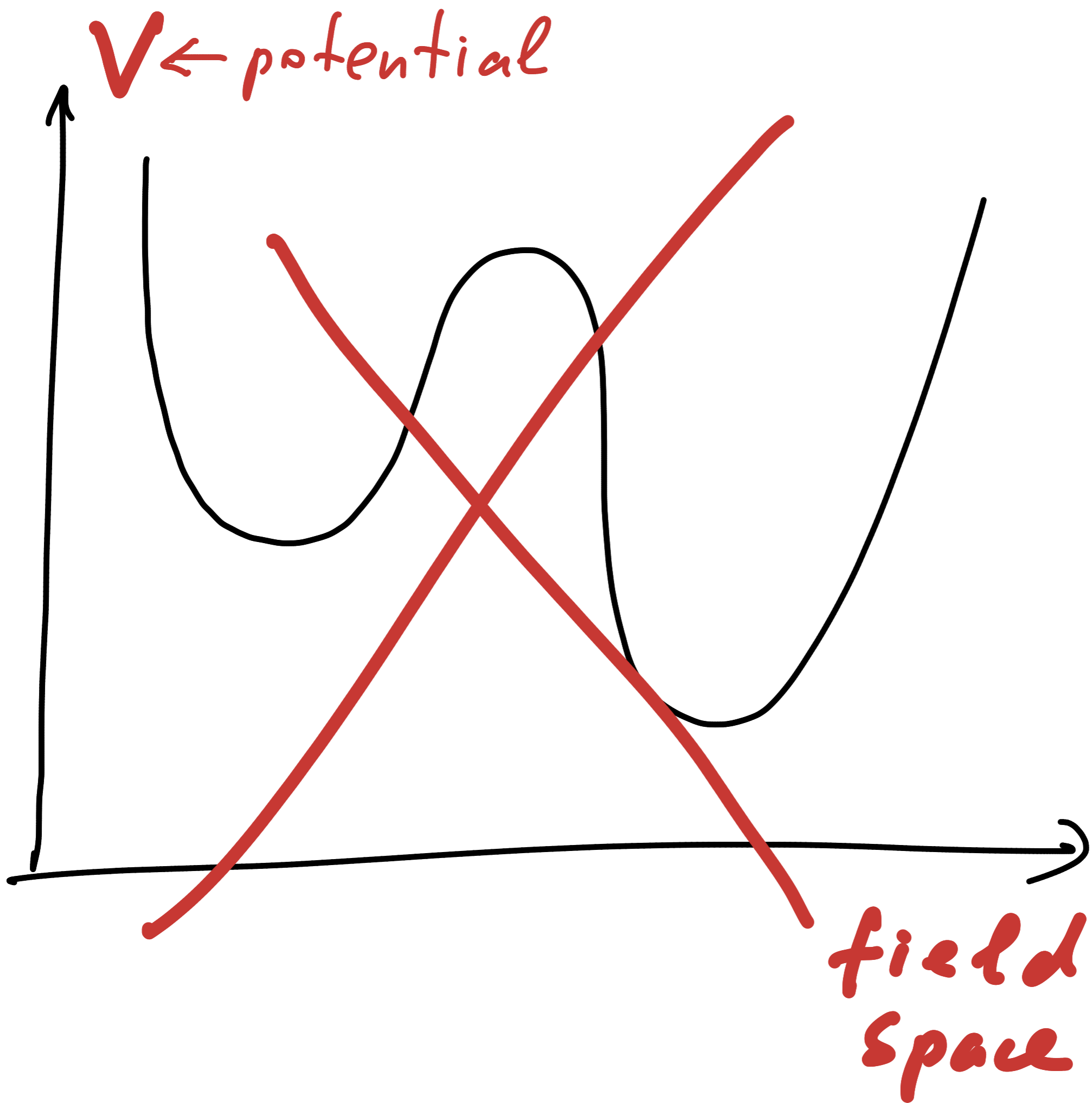
$$t_{\text{Exit}} \leq t_Q$$



Bound on slow-roll

$$t_{\text{Slow-roll}} < t_Q$$

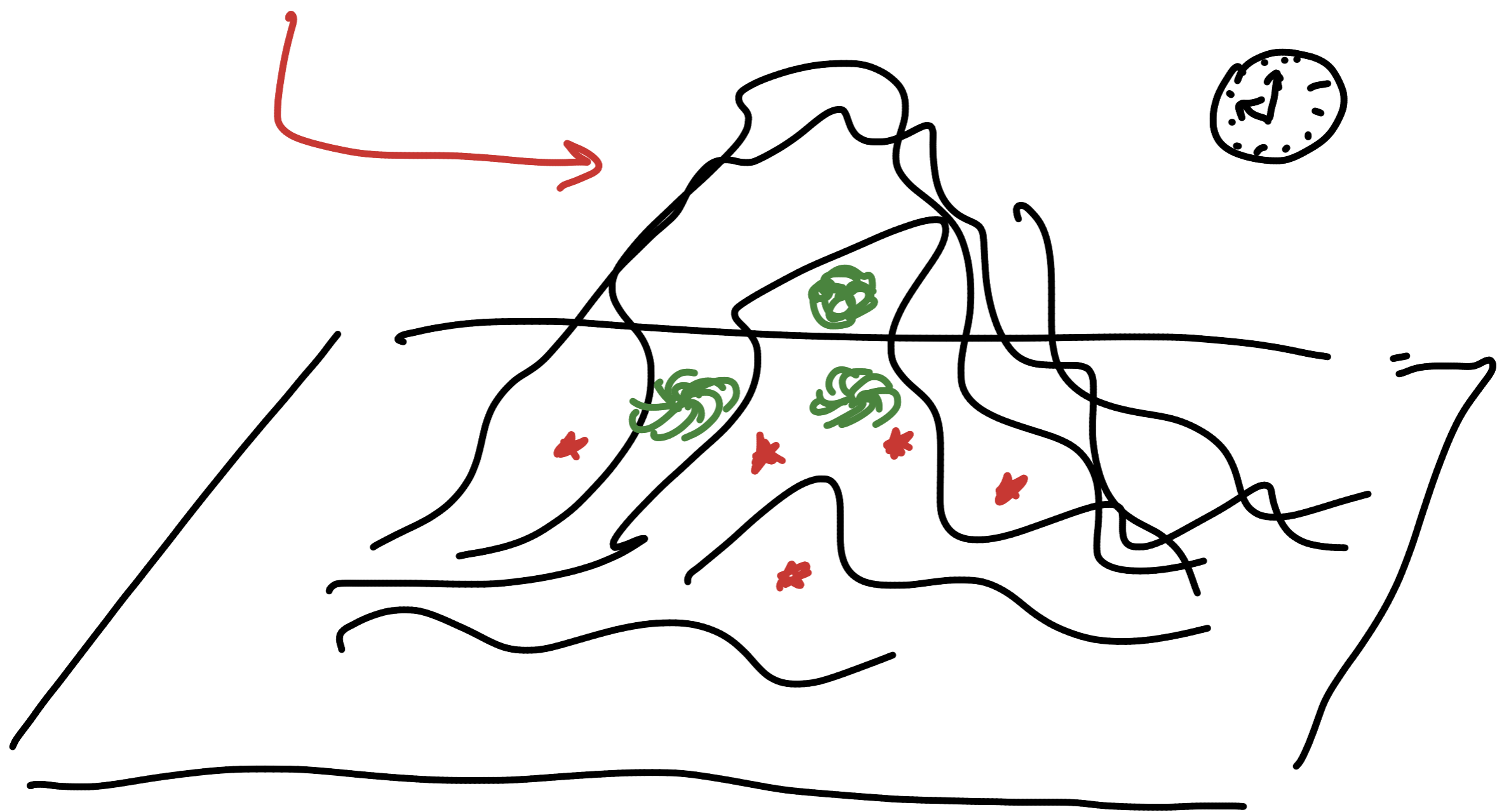
For finite  $G_N$  (finite  $M_P$ ),  
no de Sitter is possible, neither stable  
nor meta-stable.



$\Lambda$  is excluded from the energy budget of our Universe by consistency of S-matrix formulation.

Our vacuum is Minkowski.

Everything else (including our cosmic history) is a temporary excitation on it



Because of  $S$ -matrix, formulation of quantum gravity is background-dependent and that's OK.

Through  $S$ -matrix, quantum gravity/string theory nullifies an outstanding cosmological puzzle:

$\Lambda = 0$  was never a problem.

What about dark energy?

**If** it exists in our Universe

↳ (Golin, Mohayaee, Rameez, Sarkar '18)

it cannot be  $\Lambda$ . It must  
come from new physics beyond  
Standard Model + Einstein

SM + GR +  ~~$\Lambda$~~  + ?

and it must evolve in time  
pretty fast, over

$$t \approx R \ln(R^2 M_p^2)$$

Hubble

# Outlook:

- ① \*  $S$ -matrix formulation of quantum gravity excludes de Sitter landscape;
- ② \* This nullifies outstanding cosmological puzzle;
- ③ \* Predicts imprints of quantum break-time in cosmological observables;
- ④ \* Changes the view on background dependence of quantum gravity;
- ⑤ \* Gives new view on naturalness questions: ① Hierarchy ② Strong-CP, . . . . .

Thank You!



Notice:

Quantum break-time,

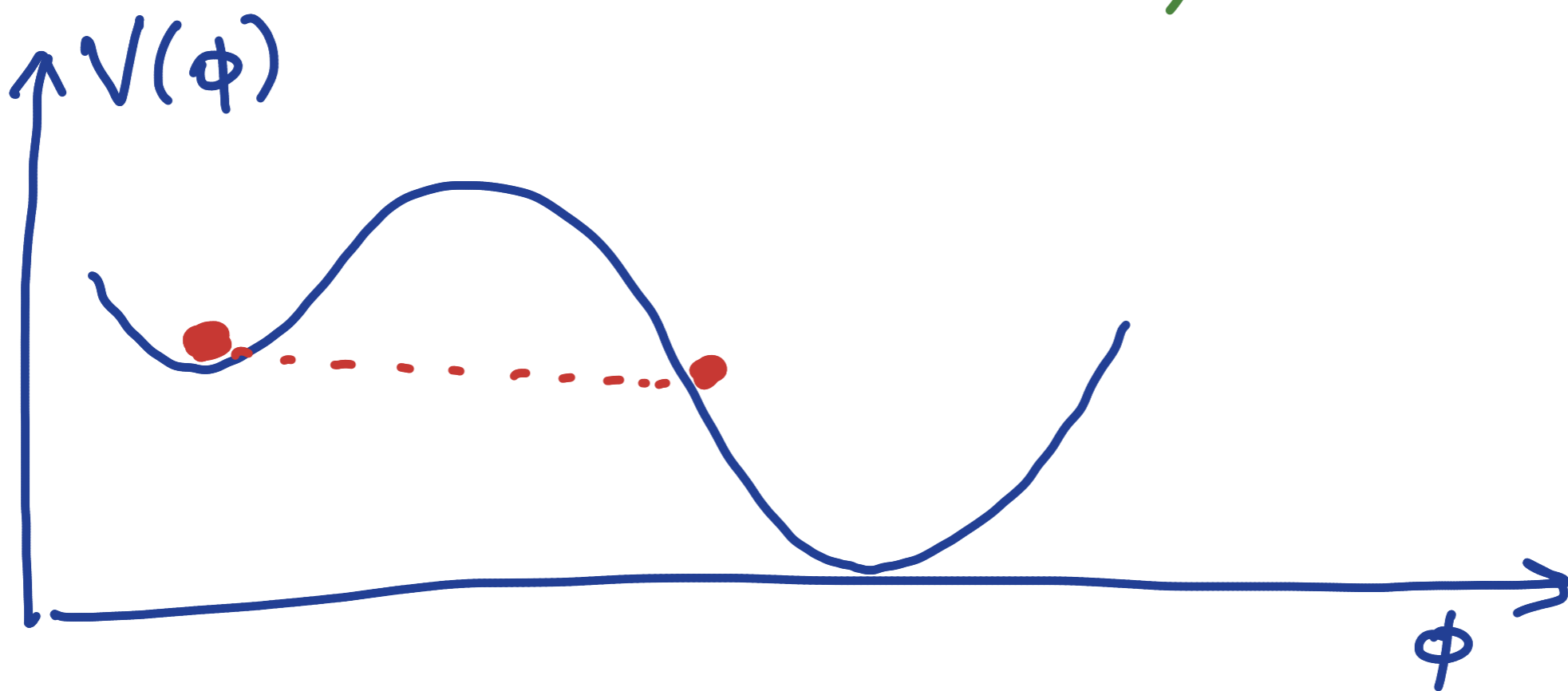
$$t_Q \sim \sqrt{N} R$$

or  $t_Q \sim R \ln(N),$

is much shorter than a  
typical tunneling time:

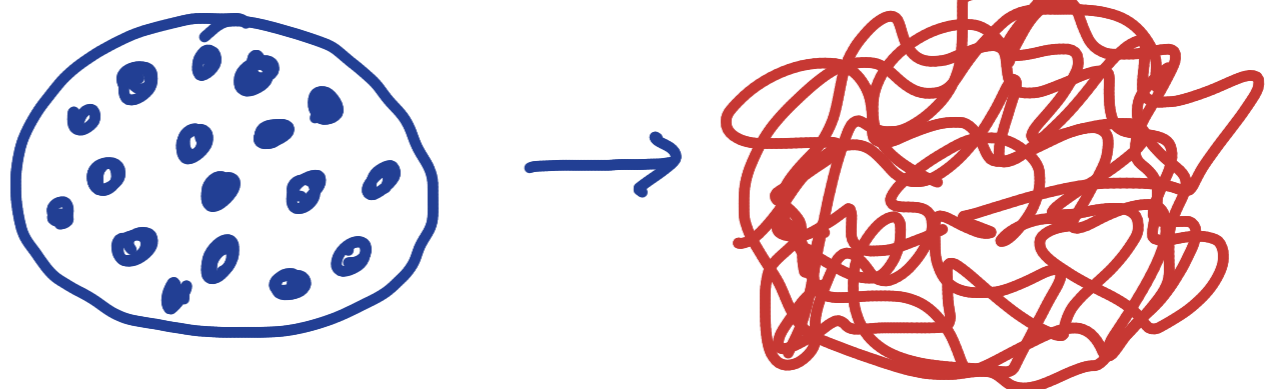
$$t_{\text{tunnel}} \sim R e^N$$

Coleman, De Luccia '80



The situation is very similar  
to Witten-Veneziano  $\frac{1}{N}$ -effects  
versus instanton  $e^{-N}$ -effects  
by 't Hooft in  $SU(N)$  QCD.

Anomaly interpretation:  
Like chiral symmetry in QCD,  
deSitter is anomalous with  
respect to corpuscular  
 $\frac{1}{N}$ -effects.



# Implication for the "Hierarchy Problem".

The essence of the puzzle:  
Higgs mass is UV-sensitive

$$\delta m_H^2 \sim \text{[loop diagram]} + \text{[loop diagram]} + \dots$$

Expected (by naturalness):

$$m_H^2 \sim M_{UV}^2$$

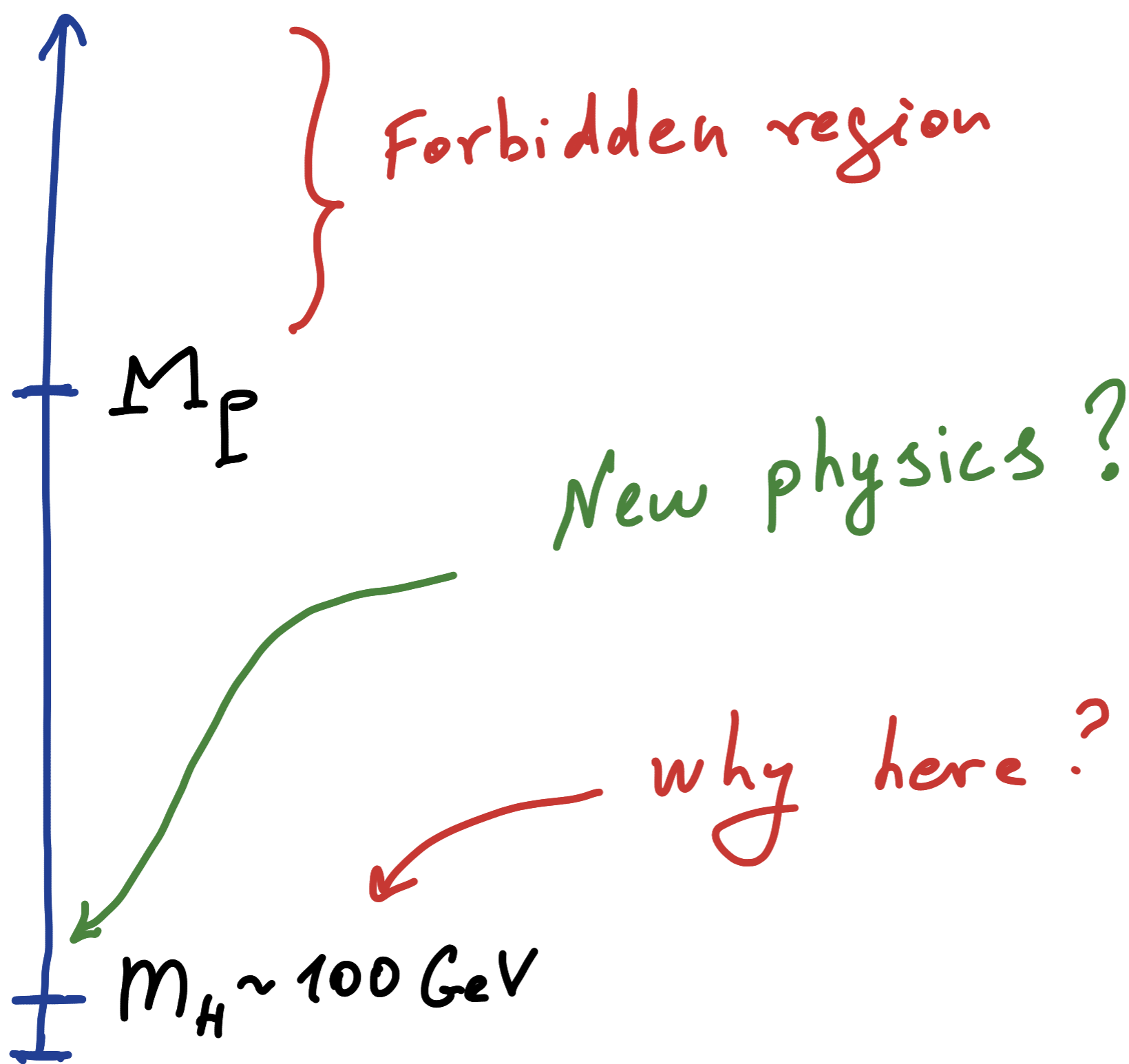
cut off is real because  
of gravity.

No elementary particles of mass

$$m > M_{\text{P}}$$

(would be a black hole!)

Higgs cannot have a solar mass



Natural explanations for  $m_H \sim 100 \text{ GeV}$   
without new physics not far from  
the weak scale.

Can  $m_H \sim 100 \text{ GeV}$  be  
anthropic?

Agrawal, Barr, Donoghue,  
Seckel '97

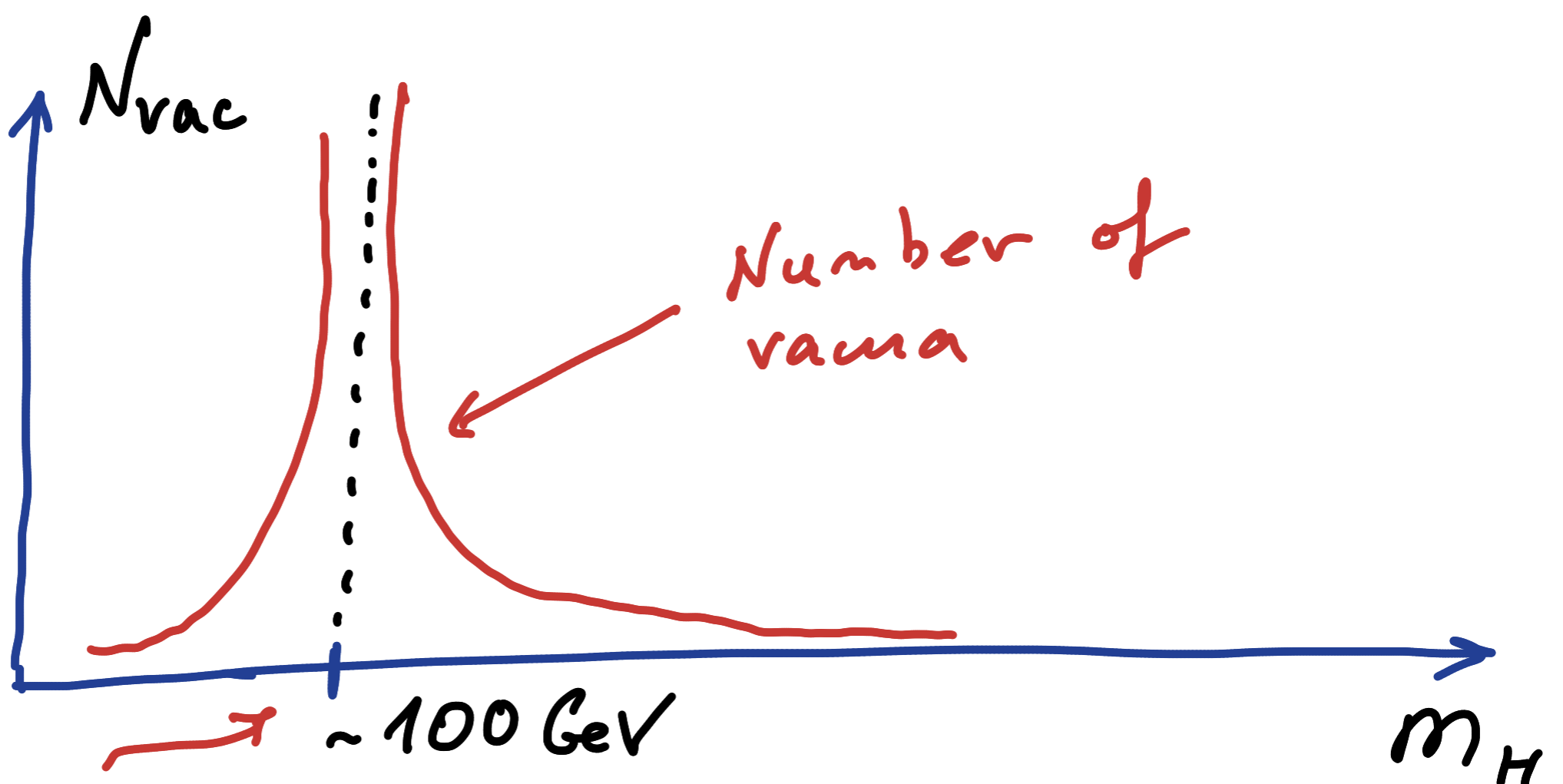
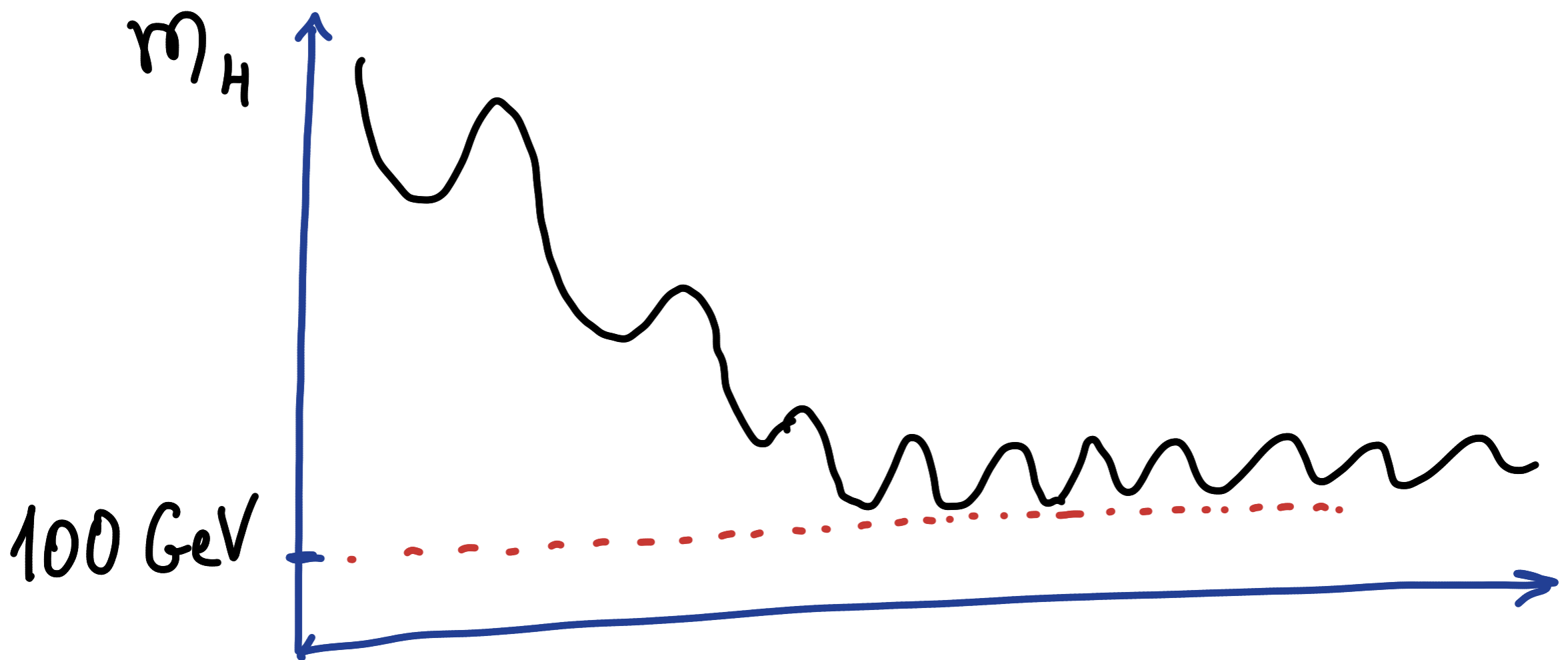
Requires cosmological  
actualization mechanism

(Eternal inflation on de Sitter  
landscape?).

# Cosmological relaxation of the Higgs mass

G.D., Vilenkin '03; C.D., '04;

Graham, Kaplan, Rajendran '15



attractor value

Both 1) Anthropic selection

and

2) Cosmological relaxation to attractor

require a cosmological actualization mechanism.

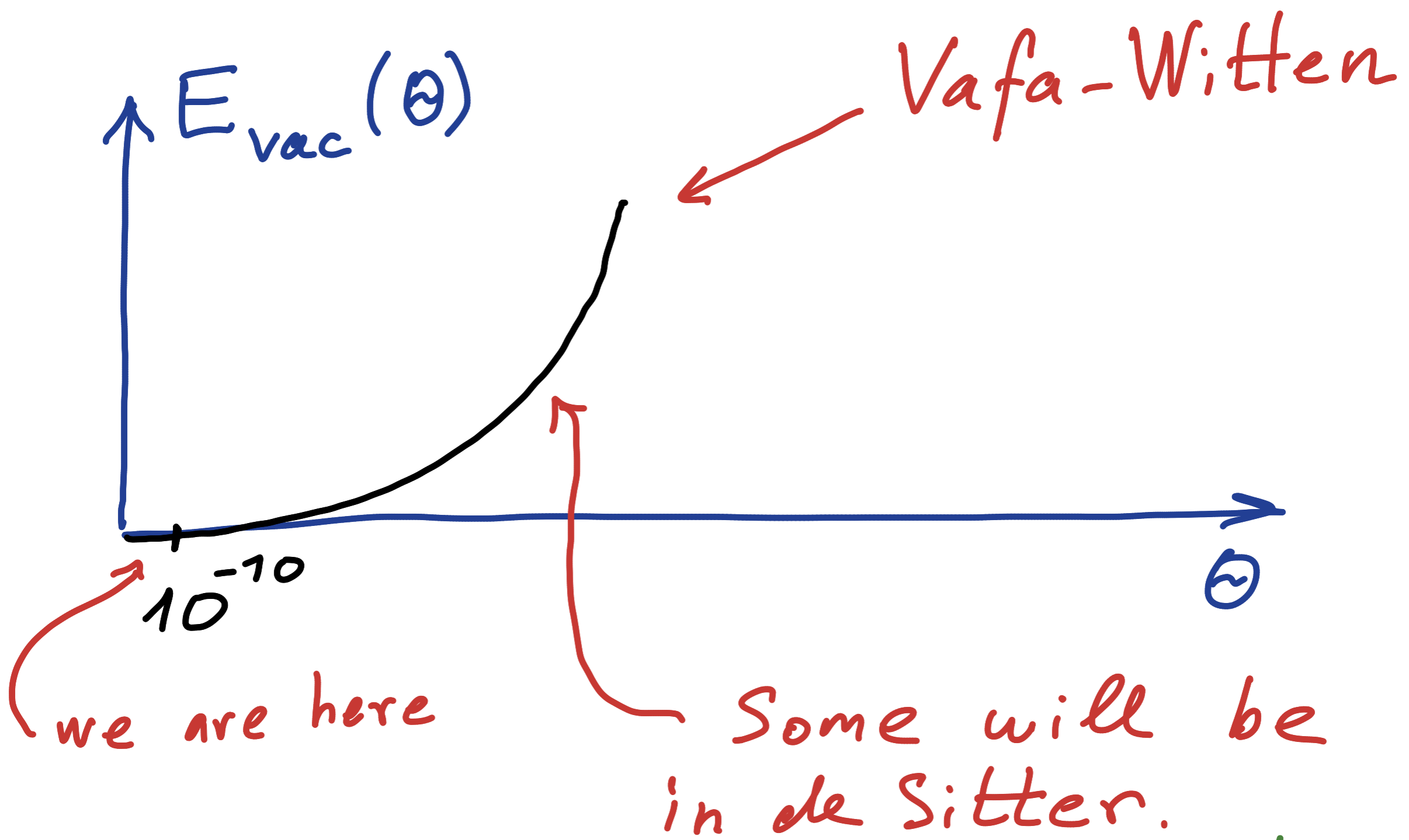
We have argued that eternal inflation on deSitter landscape is incompatible with quantum gravity/string theory

This strengthens the motivation for new physics not far from weak scale.

Strong-CP puzzle.

$\Theta$ -vacua in gauge theories:

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{QCD}} = \Theta F_{\mu\nu} \tilde{F}^{\mu\nu} + \dots$$



This is excluded by S-matrix!

$\Theta$ -vacua must be unphysical.

(Axion? Massless quark?) G.D, Gomez, Zell '18



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